Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XII. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, OCT. 24, 1878. NO. 13

The Weekly Republican.

OFFICIAL CITY AND COUNTY PAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY

HAMSHER & MOSSER.

OFFICE: SOUTH WATER STREET, Opposite the Court House.

TERMS:

Per annum, in advance,	$1.50
Six months, in advance,	1.00
Per set per line in advance,	2.00

RATES FOR ADVERTISING.

ONE INCH CONSTITUTES A SQUARE.

	1 wk	2 wk	3 wk	1 mo	3 mo	6 mo	1 yr
1	$1 25	$1 50	$2 25	$2 75	$4 50	$6 50	$10 00
2	2 50	3 00	3 50	4 50	6 00	9 00	14 00
3	3 00	4 50	5 40	6 00	9 00	12 00	17 00
4	4 50	6 00	6 90	7 50	12 00	16 00	20 00
5	6 00	7 50	8 50	9 50	15 00	20 00	30 00
6	8 00	10 50	13 50	14 00	22 00	30 00	40 00
1 col	10 00	14 00	16 00	18 00	27 00	38 00	60 00
1 col	14 00	17 00	21 00	25 00	35 00	50 00	75 00
1 col	18 00	24 00	30 00	36 00	48 00	60 00	100 00

T. T. CLEMENTS, postmaster at Blue Mound, Macon, is our authorized agent at that place to receive subscriptions and receipt for the same. Subscribers who receive their papers at that postoffice can learn the amount of their indebtedness by inquiring of Mr. Clements.

LOCAL JOTTINGS.

ARE you registered? If not, why not?

GET the correct time from Curtis & Gang's twin regulators just received from Switzerland.

THE springs and the city of the dead are popular places of resort on pleasant Sunday afternoons.

THE large number of fine residences on West Main street make it a pleasant thoroughfare through which to ride or walk.

THE rapid falling of the foliage from the trees in the park gives Mr. Bird about as much as he can do to keep them raked off the grass.

THERE are over five hundred registered voters in the second ward. The first ward will have to look out for her laurels as the most populous in the city, or her sister wards 2, will get ahead of her.

LEHMAN has a splendid line of gentlemen's gloves and all other gents' furnishing goods. See his stock before purchasing.

ALEX. A. LOCKE have the largest and best stock of carpet goods to be found in central Illinois. They have also an endless variety of wall paper of all grades.

BY-THE-WAY how would you like to hear Hon. Samuel Shelley and Hon. T. B. Campbell jointly discuss the financial question? They would draw "better 'n a circus."

IF you want anything in the line of merchant tailoring, you can get fitted to a dot at Ehrman's. He has the finest stock of clothing and cassimeres to be found in central Illinois, and he will turn out suits, or any article of suits, at lowest figures.

MR. FRANCIS MURPHY, who presides over the deliberations of the temperance convention now in session here, performs his arduous duties with ease and dispatch, showing that he is master of the situation, and fully understands his business.

HON. J. G. CANNON had a rousing meeting at Macon on Saturday night. Macon City was crowded, and the utmost enthusiasm prevailed. It was one of the largest and best meetings of the campaign held in this county.

WE have now two churches in the city without pastors, the Episcopal and Baptist. Both of these societies have pleasant and commodious houses of worship, and we hope that they will soon be provided with the services of a regular pastor.

THE Good Templars have put out a company money from their hall, which will be brilliantly illuminated on all occasions when meetings are in progress there in the evening. It is inscribed "I. O. G. T." in large letters. The idea is a good one, and his light in the window may direct many a wayward youth to the haven of safety afforded by the order.

THE Louisville Jeans Co. exhibited a full line of their implements at the Litchfield fair last week, and carried off all the premiums. There was a lively competition by three other firms. Mr. John Archer, the agent, who attended the fair, declares it one of the most successful exhibitions of the year.

THE low price of hard coal this fall is taking a market for a large number of hard coal heating stoves, and every dealer has some particular pattern on which he makes a special run. A high degree of perfection has been reached in the manufacture of both heating and cooking stoves.

WORKINGMEN.

Before you begin your heavy spring work after a winter of relaxation, your system needs cleansing and strengthening to prevent an attack of Ague, Billous or Spring Fever, or some other Spring sickness that will unfit you for a season's work. You will save time, much sickness and great expense if you will use one bottle of Hop Bitters in your family this month. Don't wait. See other column.

Farmers Attention.—All of you who have wanting wagons will find it for your interest to call on D. F. Hamsher, on Main street, Decatur, Ill. Wagons made to order and a full line of furnished work always on hand. Repairing done promptly and in the most thorough manner.

THAT "JINT" DISCUSSION.

The Political Issues of the Day as Presented by Hon. T. B. Campbell, the Statesman from Pollywog.

A. G. Harris, Esq., the Macon Demosthenes, Crushed with Mortification.

A High Old Time.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Two weeks ago Hon. T. B. Campbell—(the reader has doubtless heard of this gentleman)—the Cicero of Pollywog and candidate for representative on the greenback-flat ticket, while passing through the southern part of the county, dropping words of wisdom here and there, perchance speaking or at any rate thinking of the noble mission of the new-born party, the party which is (not) going to flood the country with Pomeroy Nasby money, he, by chance, as it were, stopped his jaded horse in the bustling little city of Macon, the stronghold of Republicanism and home of A. G. Harris, Esq., whose eloquence in defending the Republican party in times past has justly won for him the appellation of "The Demosthenes of Macon." When "Greek meets Greek then comes," etc. It is not necessary to go into details, giving an account of the meeting of these two orators; suffice it to say that the Pollywog gentleman peremptorily challenged Mr. Harris to engage with him in a "jint" discussion of the principles as enunciated in the greenback and republican platforms, Mr. Campbell proposing to defend the greenbackers, and Mr. Harris to stand by the republicans. This challenge was instantly accepted, and Monday evening, Oct. 21st, fixed as the time, and the city hall in Macon, the place of holding the meeting.—During the intervening time the coming discussion was the all-absorbing topic of conversation among the men in stores and on the streets, and even the ladies and school children became interested, some predicting that Campbell would crush Harris, and others, with wiser foresight, declaring that Harris would make it red-hot for the man with the L. L. d.

The town hall at Macon is half as large as the court room in this city, and the seats were occupied by men of all parties, who had come to hear the eloquence of the rival orators. A large number of ladies honored the occasion with their presence, and seemed very anxious to retire long before the meeting was dismissed.

THE FUN COMMENCES.

At 7:15 Mr. Charles Merris, an uncompromising greenbacker of the true Pomeroy stripe, called the meeting to order, stroking his shaggy beard the while. He hesitatingly announced that it had been agreed that the meeting should be presided over by a chairman and two moderators, and then called for nominations.—Somebody called out, "I nominate W. T. Beadles," and Mr. Merris quickly said, "I second the motion." Nominations closed, and Mr. Beadles was chosen chairman by a faltering vote. The small boys in the back part of the hall howled and whistled, and Mr. Beadles appeared on the platform and boldly seated himself, hitching his chair near Mr. Campbell and conversing in an undertone.

Squire Hopson was the first moderator chosen, Merris still conducting the business with bungling despatch. Mr. Wilson was then elected as moderator No. 2, but when it was ascertained that this gentleman's hearing was defective, Mr. R. H. Woodcock was substituted.

The arrangements as regarded the division of time, as stated by the chairman in a low voice, were as follows: Mr. Campbell was to open the discussion, occupying one hour, Mr. Harris to follow, occupying the same time. Mr. Campbell was then to speak 15 minutes and Harris to close.

CAMPBELL.

This great champion of fiat money folded his arms across his heaving breast, and began his remarks as if preparing to hurl a terrible malediction upon the audience and the world at large, speaking in deep solemn tones, twitching his shaggy brows, and rolling his eyes upward, downward, and right and left. As was doubtless intended, the audience was deeply impressed, all preserving a delightful stillness. Then, as if preparing to unloose the hounds of war, Mr. Campbell gave an original quotation from the scriptures, as follows: "In thy sweat of thy face thy shall eat bread all the days of thy life." (Immense applause.) We will inflict our readers with a few choice sentences as uttered by the speaker. "Slavery was a curse, and Jesus Christ said he that won't work neither shall he eat." "The rich and well born [meaning the bondholders] are runnin' this country and gittin' all the sap." [At this point the light on the stand gave out, owing to a short wick, and Mr. Campbell, who was about to refer to documents to prove the above declaration, in a little pet of anger turned to the chairman and said: "This is a very poor lamp, is this the best the town can do?" (Great laughter and stamping of feet.) Quiet was finally restored, a lamp taken from the chandelier, and the gentleman resumed the "thread" of his discourse. "Logan and Cannon declare that gold and silver is the only standard money in the land; don't they? don't they? eh? eh? 'Course they do, and you can't deny it, and what are we goin' to do about it?" "In that dark hour when the rebellion was upon us, when the treasury was empty, what did the government do but create? Why not do it now? Where was Vallandigham, Voorhees and all that class of men when the greenback was issued? Where indeed, they were doing their level best to 'emasticate' it."

Greenback-republicans and greenback-democrats were no company for him; he didn't like a three-cornered fight. He was a straight-out greenbacker, and he gloried in it. He was a candidate for the legislature. He hadn't a polished education like his learned friend—he was only an honest "tickler of the soil."

Mr. Campbell so often repeated the words, "Rich and well-born," that every time he did so the audience fairly yelled, and this was all the applause he received.

After speaking fifty-seven minutes he turned to Mr. Woodcock and asked if he had any more time. He was told that he had three minutes more, but the speaker wiped his brow with a cotton handkerchief, took a drink of water, and said, "Well, I guess I'll stop here," and took his seat. The audience was very quiet at this point, deep-drawn sighs only being heard from tired individuals.

HARRIS

was received with a burst of applause, and our reporter expected to see bouquets flying through the air; but he didn't. Mr. Harris was at a loss how to answer Mr. Campbell. It was the worst jumble of words he had ever heard, attacking everybody, promising nothing for the future. He then proceeded to deliver his maiden political speech, defending the Republican party from first to last, engaging the closest attention of his hearers, and being frequently interrupted with loud applause. Turning to Mr. Campbell he attacked the wild theories advocated by him and the flat party in the strongest terms, defending the capitalists of this land who lent their money when the country was passing through its darkest hours. He didn't think it was right to heap calumny upon their heads. He defended the financial policy adopted by the administration in a masterly manner, and did not cease speaking until "time" was called. He was cheered long and loud when he had finished, and it was a plain case that Campbell was routed, root and branch.

CAMPBELL AGAIN.

However, Mr. Campbell once more stepped to the front, and as the audience manifested a disposition to retire, the speaker said he would remain until order was obtained. If all left him he would remain and talk to the post in front of him. (Cheers.) The scene which followed is beyond description; it was better than a "kitchen scene" in a nigger show. The speaker gyrated about the stand, the men stamped the floor, and the boys whistled and howled—all was in an uproar. The most mortified man in the hall was Al. Harris, who walked backward and forward in the rear of the hall, muttering vengeance on himself for ever having accepted the challenge. He was madder than a March hare. Some of his friends tried to comfort him, but like Rachael he would not. Mr. C. having consumed his 15 minutes was called to order. Glancing down the hall, he asked Mr. Harris if he might go on, and Al. replied that he might for all he cared. Then the boys renewed the racket, while the speaker presented Pomeroy's great railroad scheme, pacing backward and forward, propounding nonsensical questions, and making himself generally ridiculous. Mr. Woodcock could not stand it any longer, and deliberately arose from his place on the stand and left the hall, though it was raining hard without. Finally Mr. Campbell ceased speaking from sheer exhaustion, the hall rent was promptly collected by Merris, the lights were extinguished, and the Campbell-bored audience left the hall. Mr. Campbell received the congratulations of Messrs. Beadles, Hopson, Merris and the REPUBLICAN reporter; the winded speaker remarking that he would have skinned Harris alive if he had only been granted more time.

The above is but a feeble report of the proceedings of last night. It will long be remembered, and will pass into history as one of the richest things that has ever happened in Macon.

Fresh Oysters have Come, and Wood's Restaurant is now open for the season—the only *first-class* place in the city where you can get a nice dish of oysters.

Sept. 2-d1mw3m

MUSIC! MUSIC!!

Hand & Co.'s Book and Music store Post Office Block,

Have the largest stock in Central Illinois of Sheet Music, Music Books, Guitars, Violins, Accordeons, Banjos, Flutes, Violin Strings and Trimmings, and Music Goods of every description, which they are selling at New York prices. Call and see them. Orders by mail for Sheet Music promptly attended to. They are also agents for the celebrated light running Domestic Sewing Machine. Oct3wtf

Among American manufacturers, few have done our country as much credit as the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, which have been acknowledged best at all great world's exhibitions for many years. See advertisement.

From Wednesday's Daily.

NATIONAL CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

The Tabernacle Filled with Reformers.

The Proceedings of Yesterday and To-Day.

The REPUBLICAN went to press yesterday afternoon just as the National Union was going through the opening exercises, but we gave the proceedings up to the hour of going to press. Below we give the

AFTERNOON EXERCISES.

Mr. Priest, on behalf of the State Union, gave Mr. Murphy and the visiting delegates a cordial greeting.

Mr. Murphy responded, and thanked the speaker for his words of welcome, and warned the citizens of Decatur that they will find the visiting strangers good eaters.

On motion the following committee on credentials was appointed: Rev. C. M. Westlake, of Pennsylvania; O. J. Benham, of Ohio; and J. E. Letton, of Kentucky.

The following committee on business was then selected: H. L. Simon, Ohio; Rev. S. MacBurney and B. F. Gardner, Ill.; E. S. Allen, California; and Rev. W. K. Marshall, of Missouri.

While the committees were preparing their reports the Union joined in singing "Hallelujah, 'tis Done."

Short addresses were then made by R. W. Crampton, editor of the *Prohibitionist*, Chicago, and Major Frank Baird, President of the Ohio State Union.

Opening exercises.

Twenty minutes were given up to devotional worship.

Singing—"Come, Holy Spirit, with all Thy Quickening Power."

Prayer—By Rev. Mr. Letton, of Ky.

Singing—Come, Thou Fount of Every Blessing."

Prayer—By Rev. W. K. Marshall, of Mo.

Singing—"Jesus, Lover of My Soul."

Prayer—By Rev. C. M. Westlake, Penn.

Singing—"Rock of Ages."

Prayer—By O. J. Benham, of Ohio.

Singing—"Near the Cross."

DELEGATES.

The committee on credentials reported delegates from the following states entitled to seats: Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, New York, Kentucky, Kansas, Missouri and Pennsylvania.

The committee was granted further time to complete its report.

R. W. Crampton was admitted as corresponding and honorary member of the Union.

Reports from State Unions: Rev. Mr. Letton reported 38 organized Unions in Kentucky; 123,000 signers; 3,200 signers in Bourbon county alone. In reply to a question propounded by Mr. Murphy, the clergyman remarked that the effect of the Gospel temperance meetings in his state was decidedly favorable.

Rev. C. M. Westlake reported for Pennsylvania, giving a glowing account of the temperance work throughout his state, and eulogized Francis Murphy, who inaugurated the movement.

Mr. Murphy here made a short address, deeply emotional.

Corresponding Secretary O. J. Benham made the report of the executive committee, showing that the following states are regularly organized: New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky, Missouri, Colorado, Illinois, Arkansas, Indiana, Texas, with California, Massachusetts, Iowa, Kansas, and other states knocking at the doors of the National Union.

The receipts and expenditures showed that the secretary had borrowed and paid out $244 27 to keep up the organization, and Mr. Benham asked that some steps be taken to reimburse him. Owing to financial disabilities the National Union had not sent out any state organizers whose salaries were assured. On the other hand but six men now held credentials from the Union, and they paid their own way. The report states that several newspapers have espoused the cause of the National Union, but unfortunately they had not been successes financially, and are now suspended. The report embraces the prospectus of the *Morning*, a national temperance organ, published at New York, which the publisher hopes will have millions of readers and supporters throughout the land.

The report of the executive committee was received. Moved that the report be referred to auditing committee.

Fred. D. Dalton, of the Chicago Blue Ribbon *Review*, objected to the motion.

R. W. Crampton, editor of the *Prohibitionist*, thought the matter should be referred to a distributing committee.

The financial part of the report was finally referred to the auditing committee, and before the balance of it could be disposed of, a motion to adjourn to 7:30 P. M. was put and carried.

EVENING SESSION.

Called to order at 7:30 by President Francis Murphy, and the audience joined in singing "Jesus, lover of my soul," led by Mr. Bunn.

Reading of Scriptures, by Mr. Murphy, part of the 6th chapter of St. Matthew.

Prayer, by Rev. Dr. Goodwin, pastor of the First M. E. Church, Decatur, Ill.

Singing, "Yield not to temptation."

Mr. Murphy announced that the evening would be taken up in five-minute speeches, so that the audience might know how the good work was progressing in all parts of the country.

Rev. Mr. Allen, of California, was the first gentleman introduced.

Singing, "O to Grace."

Bro. Jake Hoofstitler was next presented by Mr. Murphy, and his reception was a grand ovation. He spoke in his own impassioned style, bringing tears to the eyes and smiles to the faces of his hearers.

The next in order was Wm. Harris, of Kansas, who stated that they had over 200,000 signers on the books in his state, and made an eloquent address.

Singing, "Whosoever will."

Rev. Dr. Nourse, of Springfield, made a pleasant talk of five minutes.

Mr. Dunlap, of Pennsylvania, who has been working for temperance in Missouri, gave the history of his change of life.

Mr. Thos. E. Murphy, of Troy, N. Y., son of Francis Murphy, gave a brief resume of the gospel work in New York and throughout the land. He intimated in unmistakable terms that the temperance work, as carried on by the National Union, was the most beneficial course to be pursued by the people, who are trying to throw off the yoke of oppression.

Fred. D. Dalton, of the Chicago *Blue Ribbon Review*, and secretary of the State Union, made a five-minute talk which was very acceptable.

O. J. Benham, of Ohio, National Secretary, hesitated to speak, but Mr. Murphy persuaded him.

Harvey L. Simon, of Ohio, followed in an eloquent appeal to grander achievements in the temperance work.

Singing, "Nearer, my God, to Thee."

Mr. Murphy then presented Rev. S. MacBurney, of this city, who, as he always is, was received with much applause. His was a pointed talk, concerning the dedication to-night, and the opportunity now afforded to prove their allegiance to the temperance cause by coming out en masse to the meeting Wednesday night.

Rev. Dr. Goodwin, of Decatur, next took the rostrum, and spoke for a brief while.

Rev. Mr. Marshall, of Missouri, spoke of the wicked history of the West, and was glad to say they had 450,000 signers in the great state of Missouri.

Rev. Mr. Letton, of Bourbon county, Ky., made the closing talk.

Before receiving the benediction Mr. Murphy took occasion to dwell upon the political aspect of the temperance question, ending with illustrations of the joy brought into the drunkard's home by returning to a life of sobriety and decency.

The meeting adjourned with singing and an exhortation to all out of the fold to come forward and sign the pledge. A few came.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 23—SECOND DAY.

The devotional exercises, between nine and ten o'clock this morning, were led by Rev. C. M. Westlake of Pennsylvania.—The Gospel hymns were sung with spirit, and the prayers were fervent and earnest.

MORNING SESSION.

The second day's business of the National Union commenced at 10:10 A. M., President Murphy in the chair.

The minutes of the secretary were read.

The report of the committee on order of business was received and adopted.

On motion the following committee was appointed on resolutions: D. Shelton, of Kansas; W. K. Marshall, of Mo.; Frank Baird, of Ohio; Robt. Nourse, of Illinois; Dr. Pitchlynn, of Indiana.

The following committee on nominations was appointed: Liberty Jones, Ill.; W. H. Doane, Ohio; Marshall, Mo.; Allen, California; Westlake, Penn.; Harris, Kan.; Thos. E. Murphy, N. Y.; Mitchell, Ind.; J. E. Letton, Ky.

Mr. Benham presented the report of the treasurer, showing a deficit of $322 50.—The report was referred to the auditing committee.

While waiting the arrival of an absent committee, W. H. Doane, of Cleveland, Ohio, was called out by the president and made some cheering remarks.

Singing, "O, to Grace," led by Mr. Murphy, as usual.

On the question of National Literature, the committee to whom this matter was referred made a report through its chairman, Mr. Benham. The report recites the birth and downfall of several temperance publications recognized by the National Union, as shown in the annual report of the executive committee. The gist of the report was that the *Morning*, published by Mr. Adams, of New York, be recognized as the national organ.

Fred. Dalton, of Chicago, strongly objected to the adoption of the recommendation of the committee, claiming that every man who had money in his pocket and the love of the cause in his heart should be allowed to publish temperance papers throughout the land without being crippled by a so-called organ.

At this point the gentlemen representing the *Morning* and *Review* distributed among the people copies of their papers, that all might see for themselves.

While the pages were being pored over by the audience, Mr. Murphy said the National Union ought to have a recognized organ—not only this, but a publishing house, that tracts might be scattered broadcast and God's work be carried on systematically and effectually. He wanted a paper that the temperance people are responsible for.

Rev. Nourse, of Springfield, made a motion that the recommendation of the committee be adopted, and the New York *Morning* be endorsed as the organ of the National Union.

The *Morning* was endorsed as the organ of the National Union, by a vote of 40 to 24, a large number refusing to vote.

Rev. Nourse made a motion that the National Union recognize the *Blue Ribbon Review*, published by Dalton, and that it receive the hearty recommendation of the convention, and the motion was carried with a hurrah.

On motion of Rev. S. MacBurney, of Decatur, the convention adjourned to 1:30 P. M.

From Tuesday's Daily.

THE TABERNACLE.

Its Appointments and Decorations.

The tabernacle may now be called done, and this afternoon at two o'clock its doors were opened to receive the National Christian Temperance Union which holds its annual convocation here. The building is 80x150 feet, and the walls are 14 feet high, with a roof slightly arching, without ceiling over head, so that in the centre of the room its height is about twenty feet. About thirty feet from the west wall is the rear side of the rostrum, which is about 30x40 feet, the design being to finish a room in the rear of this platform for the use of the Decatur Reform Club, and taking out this space there is room left for three thousand chairs. For the last day or two the ladies and gentlemen interested in the matter have been very busy in setting the chairs in order, and in decorating the walls and pillars preparatory to dedication.

Over the rostrum are the initials of the five leading temperance organizations of the country, viz.: W. C. T. U., for Women's Christian Temperance Union; N. C. T. U., for National Christian Temperence Union; I. O. G. T., for Independent Order of Good Templars; Y. L. R. C., for Young Ladies' Reform Club; and D. R. C., for Decatur Reform Club. Under these initials are the following mottoes: "Temperance for all the Land," and "All the Land for Temperance." On the north wall, directly north of the rostrum, is the motto, "Think Before You Drink," and opposite to this, on the south wall, is the following: "Never Indulge in a—," and below the motto is a huge pair of cattle horns. On the wall next to the street, in full view of the audience as it retires, are the words, "Come Again." Over the rostrum is a large photograph of Francis Murphy, President of the National Christian Temperance Union, and on the pillars of the rostrum are photographs of Brother Jake, Col. Rowell, and sundry other prominent temperance men of the State and country. Photographs of Douglas, Lincoln, Clay, and other great statesmen, are also displayed to good advantage on the rostrum, and there is also a beautiful show of landscape and other paintings, all of which are tastefully arranged, the whole being set out with evergreens and flowers.

From Monday's Daily.

HAPPY HEARTS.

Two Weddings at St. Patrick's Church on Sunday Last.

Two marriages were solemnized at the Catholic Church on Sunday last, Rev. Thos. Hickey, the pastor, officiating.

The first wedding occurred at 1:30 P. M., when Mr. Michael Down and Miss Bridget Russell were united. This new-made couple will remove to Kansas in a few days, where they will grow up with the country. Prosperity and happiness attend them.

At 7 o'clock in the evening the church was filled to suffocation by a large circle of friends to witness the marriage of Mr. Thomas Walsh, of Macon, and Miss Katie Finnigan, of this city. After the ceremony the couple were given a reception at the residence of the bride's mother, west of the city.

To-day Mr. and Mrs. Walsh will go to Macon, where the husband is employed on the Central road. The bride has many friends in this city who wish her joy unlimited.

UNPLEASANT SMELL.

There is nothing more offensive than an unpleasant smell. To avoid this, use Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes, which are more delicate and durable than any other odors. His Floral Riches, for a Cologne Water, has a rich, fresh, flowery odor, and his Pot Rose and other odors, have only to be used to be admired.

NOW, WHOSE BABY IS THIS?—On Saturday night last at 10 o'clock, some one left an infant on Mr. Henry Clatfelter's doorstep, corner East William and Jasper streets. There was a card pinned to the clothing with these words written on it: "Rosetta Moore." It is a very handsome babe, but it wants a mother, and possibly in the dim future it will need a father to provide for it.

DIED.

At the family residence, three miles northeast of Decatur, Thursday night, Oct. 17th, CHARLES WILLIAM, son of John and Jane Ruthrauff, aged 2 years, one month and four days.

Chaliis Brest Chaliis Brest Chaliis Brest—Boots and Shoes, Boots and Shoes, Cheap, Cheap! oct 15 d&w 1m.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE GRAND REUNION.

15,000 Soldiers and Spectators on the Fair Grounds.

ADDRESSES BY GENS. PALMER, OGLESBY AND SMITH.

ATTACK ON THE COMMISSARY DEPARTMENT.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENTS AND CLOSING SCENES

From Friday's Daily.

The soldiers' reunion is a thing of the past. The survivors of three wars have met each other kept time to martial music, partaken of Decatur's hospitalities, listened to stirring addresses from their old war worn generals, heard the roar of the cannon, gazed upon the battle flags and relics, related to each other reminiscences of the days of the country's peril, incidents of camp and bivouac life, joined in the grand chorus of the "Red, White and Blue," broke ranks, and departed for home, to participate again, and, we hope, as long as they shall live, in the peaceful pursuits of private life

The REPUBLICAN went to press yesterday as the procession was moving The entire column marched to the depot and met the Springfield delegation composed of seventy veterans and the following distinguished gentlemen Gen. J M Palmer, Adj't Gen Hillard Major A J Roberts, Col Mathenay and Capt Hamlin. They were met by the reception committee and occupied carriages in the procession

AT THE GROUNDS

On arriving at the fair grounds, the old regiment of the 116th, the order was given to break ranks, and, on behalf of the citizens of Decatur and Macon county, Gen Oglesby gave all present a hearty welcome, inviting all old soldiers to make their way to Textile Hall, where all would be well fed Farmers and citizens distributed themselves over the grounds, and those who had not satisfied nature's demand, opened their baskets or made a raid on the lunch rooms

Fully 2,000 old soldiers filed into "the mess room" and ate of the good things they had been so generously donated by our citizens All ate standing and drank the coffee from tin cups just as they did in the army By the wise foresight of the sub-stance committee there was enough and to spare none going away hungry The rush was great, but the Grenadiers and Guards, with fixed bayonets, kept the crowd at a respectable distance, and everything moved along smoothly The ladies in this department, whose names were given yesterday deserve the great credit due for valuable services rendered

SPEECHES, SINGING AND A GENERAL GOOD TIME

At 2 p m, the amphitheatre was packed with men, women and children and around the speaker's stand gathered an innumerable host of veterans with upturned faces, waiting anxiously for the orators to give the American eagle a boost The stand was occupied by prominent citizens, notable military officers, divines, the glee club, four surviving soldiers of the last war with Great Britain, and representatives of the press. Capt Goodman's band occupied the judge's stand At the northwest and southwest corners of the speaker's stand were battle torn flags and shattered staffs of the war for the union, bravely defended by the following Illinois volunteer regiments 8th 86th 115th and 116th

The following are the names of the old veterans referred to above William Young, P A Seybolt James Provost and Isaac Houck, sr These old soldiers reside in this city, and are in good health

Gen R J Oglesby, in full major generals uniform, called the vast assemblage to order, and announced the programme as he understood it He sincerely regretted that Generals Sheridan, Sherman, Sheields McClernand and other invited generals were unavoidably absent, but he reckoned there were a few "fellows" here who would make it interesting for "the boys."

Music by the Decatur band

Rev F N Ewing then introduced Rev. N. M Baker, of Mt Zion, formerly chaplain of the 116th, who offered a very impressive prayer

Song "John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave," by the glee club—solo by Dr Bunstead

GEN OGLESBY,

as the presiding officer, gave a cordial welcome to the assembled multitude He directed his remarks more particularly to the soldiers of the late war. He honored them as he honored his country, and was glad to see so many of his old comrades present at this grand reunion He referred in tearful words to the past years fraught with so much importance to this free land of ours, and dwelt at some length upon the self sacrificing spirit that had inspired the noble men of this country to brave the dangers of the terrible battle field, with only one purpose in view—that of preserving and perpetuating the union. To the mothers and widows of the fallen heroes the general spoke most feelingly, and there were but few dry eyes within the sound of his voice He related several amusing incidents of the war, which were duly cheered by the old soldiers Once more uttering hearty words of welcome, the general took his seat amid thundering applause.

Music by the band.

Song by the glee club—"We are tenting to-night on the old camp ground"—solo by G. F. Wessels.

GEN JOHN M. PALMER,

the principal speaker of the day, was then introduced by Gen. Oglesby who paid a high tribute to his achievements while in command of the army of the Cumberland.

Gen. Palmer was received with loud applause, and spoke for forty-five minutes, making a splendid address. He prefaced his remarks by referring to the bravery and noble sacrifices of the American soldiers. Our sacrifices of to-day fade into insignificance in comparison to the soldiers' mothers and widows, and most of all, the soldier himself. In the dark days of the war, the very life of this great nation was threatened, and the speaker, like many others of that day, felt that he would willingly lay down his life if the ominous clouds could have been swept away He thanked God that he had been permitted to live to see this day of peace and plenty, and our country at peace with all nations And yet, after all that has been done, how little we deserve the great blessings which have been bestowed upon us Thousands of brave men who went forth to battle have perished, but the memory of their sacrifices are still fresh in our minds. They have made their offering, and have passed away forever May they never be forgotten so long as time shall last Look abroad over this grand country, citizen soldiers, and behold how great has been our reward The general stated that in May, 1861, he went into army an anti-slavery man He believed that the black man could be made free by some undefined means, but he soon learned that the only way to break the shackles was to snatch them off, and the war freed the slave. The speaker's reference to the memorable battles of Bull Run, Chickamauga and Missionary Ridge was very interesting, and elicited much laughter and applause from the old soldiers who gathered around the speaker's stand, elbowing each other in their endeavors to get nearer and exchange jokes with the old general Following the war through to its finale, the speaker said Grant knocked the daylight out of Lee and the entire southern confederacy at Richmond, and the work was well done (A voice—"That's so," and loud applause.) Gen Palmer acknowledged it to be one of the most difficult things in the world to make a reunion speech. Gathered around were hundreds of old soldiers, and each had his recollections of the bloody days The veterans of the wars of 1812 and 1846 were rapidly passing away, and soon the soldiers of 1861 will have been numbered with those who have gone before. He loved to attend the reunions, greeting his old comrades in arms, and receive attentions from the ladies in charge of the commissary department. He possessed a weakness for chickens, like all old soldiers Here the general related several amusing incidents connected with foraging expeditions and wound up by getting a good laugh on Gen Oglesby who enjoyed the joke as heartily as Palmer He wanted these reunions kept up so long as an old soldier lived Meet together, shake hands, one with another, gather around the camp fires, tell stories, and brag over what you have done to put down the rebellion As the speaker grew older, the scenes and incidents of the war grew fresher and more vivid in his memory Then let these reunions be kept up and cherished, year after year They revive other old memories, do us all good, and make us young again

Gen. Oglesby proposed three cheers for Gen Palmer, and they were given with a will

GEN J. C SMITH,

of Chicago, republican candidate for state treasurer, was next introduced by the presiding officer, who said he would make a bad speech. Gen Smith commenced by saying that he had come to this reunion on an invitation, but he had not expected to look upon so vast an assemblage It did him good to look into the faces of the old soldiers—many of whom had faced the enemy's guns with him He made a splendid speech and was frequently interrupted by laughter and applause

COL HARNETT

of New York, recited "Sheridan's Ride" in a very creditable manner

CLOSING EXERCISES

The band gave the multitude more fine music, Gen Oglesby gave the boys a few parting words, and the assemblage joined in the grand chorus of the "Red, White and Blue"—solo by L. L. Ferriss

The benediction was pronounced by Rev F. N Ewing, and the people dispersed for home.

With the exception of several sad occurrences, recorded below, the reunion was a brilliant and decided success in every particular. Fifteen thousand people were on the grounds yesterday—a larger gathering than has assembled within the enclosure since the state fair was held here

Capt M F. Kanan, the chief marshal, and the various committees did their work thoroughly, and they have the thanks of the entire community for their services

SAD AND SERIOUS ACCIDENTS.

While the exercises were in progress at the fair ground a salute was fired by the battery, which resulted in two serious accidents within a few minutes of each other When the first occurred, Nathan Groover, of this city, was tending the vent and James N. Wilson, who also resides here now, was ramming home the charge, and while doing so the piece went off, burning Groover's thumb badly and shattering Wilson's right arm so that it had to be amputated near the shoulder. The ramrod was sent whistling through the crowd in the direction of the amphitheatre, some parts of it being picked up near that point, but fortunately no person was hurt by the fugitive rod

The wounded man was at once placed in a carriage and brought to the American House, corner of Wood and Water streets, where his arm was amputated, as above stated, by Dr. R. L Walston, and this morning he was as comfortable as could be expected under the circumstances.—Many rumors were afloat yesterday as to the cause of the accident, and this morning our reporter had an interview with Mr. Groover, who was tending the vent, and from him learned that his thumb was thrown from the vent by the force of the exploding powder in the gun, by which it was considerably burned He says the gun was perfectly cold, and previous to ramming home the charge it was as thoroughly swabbed out as it could possibly be, and the accident was owing entirely to the rough and honey-combed condition of the piece inside, allowing grains of powder from the previous charge to remain in crevices where the swab could not reach them. He says the gun was entirely unfit for use.

After the excitement occasioned by this accident had subsided the firing was resumed with the same gun, with Jacob Black, of Mt. Zion, at the vent, and Thos Penniwell, of Decatur, at the rammer, when at the third shot precisely a similar accident occurred, from the same cause and with a similar result, Penniwell's right hand being literally torn in shreds, and the arm nearly half way to the elbow—the arm was also broken above the elbow In this case the thumb of the man at the vent was split open and so mutilated that amputation near the second joint was necessary, which operation was performed last evening by Dr. Bunstead.

Mr Penniwell was taken at once to his residence, on Decatur street, where his arm was amputated just below the elbow by Drs W. J. Chenoweth and R A. Small The unfortunate man is comfortable this morning, and seems to have sustained no other injuries than those to his arm.

When the two accidents were known at the stand a collection was called, which resulted in raising between fifty and seventy-five dollars for the benefit of the victims

A fact worthy of mention in connection with this accident is, that Nathan Groover, who was tending the vent when Wilson was hurt, and Black, who was tending it when Penniwell was hurt, and the last named gentleman, belonged to Battery G. Second Illinois, and were together at the battle of Kennesaw mountain, and that Black and Groover there saw Penniwell injured in a manner similar to the accident of yesterday, only he was not, of course, as badly hurt then as now, though he has always since suffered from the effects of the wound then received

DECORATIONS AND ILLUMINATIONS.

The very full account given yesterday and the day before of the decoration of buildings failed to embrace some few which escaped the notice of our reporters

Among these was the residence of Mr. Cy M. Imboden, on South Main street which, with the grounds, was finely set out with flags and bunting, and several other houses on the same thoroughfare had one or more flags thrown to the breeze.

The residence of Mr. R A Newell, on West North street, was decorated with a large fine flag and a bevy of smaller ones, while over the door was a large portrait of George Washington, entwined with a wreath of evergreen and small flags.

Mr L L Haworth, on West William street, also made a very fine display of bunting and flags, and Mr. Young, on the same street, had a large flag hung over the roadway.

From the cupola on the residence of Senator Oglesby floated a large flag, and several other dwellings in that part of the city were similarly decorated

In other parts of the city many residences were adorned with one or more flags, especially on the line of march gone over by the procession

On the return of the crowd from the fair ground, about 5 o'clock, the town was again alive with people, and notwithstanding the chilling wind which prevailed the sidewalks were thronged.

In the evening several stores and private dwellings were illuminated. Among these was the grocery store of John Washburn, south of the Park, and the hardware store of Dennis & Rea was illuminated from the ground to the third story.

On the corner, in the third story of Haworth's building, brilliant lights in Krone's picture gallery made a beautiful display through the bunting at the windows. On Water street, Young Bros' grocery was illuminated with Chinese lanterns, as was also Ashby's furniture store.

On Merchant street a similar display was made at J. T. Hubbard's drug store.

On East Main street Close & Griswold's hardware store, and also that of Morehouse & Wells, was beautifully illuminated from the basement up.

R Liddle's two stores on South Water street were brilliantly and attractively illuminated with chinese lanterns

Curtis & Ewing and J. M. Stookey made a fine display.

The hardware store of R C. Crocker, on Water street, made a fine show of lights in the window, and that gentleman also illuminated his residence on West William street in very fine style. Martin's restaurant made a fine display of lights and fireworks, and the shoe store of W. F. Busher & Co. opposite, had a tasteful display of Chinese lanterns.

On South Main street, the residence of Mr. R B Leonard was finely illuminated, as was also that of Cy. M. Imboden. Other residences in different parts of the city may have been decorated or illuminated, or both, that have escaped the eye of our reporters, but none have been omitted with design.

At an early hour people began to retire from the streets, and by 10 o'clock the reunion was over.

But for the sad accidents which occurred the affair would have been one of the grandest and pleasantest that ever came off in Decatur. Good judges say that 15,000 is a low estimate of the number in attendance.

JONES.

The Decatur organ of Maldan Jones is sorely troubled because of the fact that we found out the object of the hastily called meeting of the Democratic Congressional committee at Champaign yesterday, and it enters a half-way denial of the purpose of Mr. Jones to withdraw from the race. We made the statement which appeared in our columns yesterday after receiving what we believed to be authentic information. The report of Mr. Jones' proposed resignation came to us from Sullivan, Mattoon, Charleston and Champaign, and though it is authoritatively announced to-day that he is not off the track, but proposes to run the race through, we are inclined to believe that this latest exhibition of bravery is the result of the labors of the committee yesterday. The members of that committee are practical politicians who understand how disastrous to their county and legislative tickets would be the withdrawal of their congressional candidate at this stage of the canvass, and it is only reasonable to suppose that they would endeavor to prevent any such blunder, even if the candidate himself desired to retire. We have the best reason for stating that Mr. Jones is tired, disheartened and disgusted with his canvass, and the first report we received of his desire to step down and out came through Democratic channels. That he has not been permitted to do so, but has been forced back on the track again, is owing, as we firmly believe, to the vigorous opposition of the committee yesterday. The members of that committee do not propose to "give away" the canvass just now, no matter how badly Mr. Jones may be disgusted and demoralized. We believe this to be the true interpretation of the matter.

W. R. JEWELL, the accomplished editor of the Danville *News*, will address the citizens of Decatur at the Court house, on Tuesday evening, the 29th. Mr. Jewell is a splendid speaker, and never fails to interest his audience

From Saturday's Daily.

THE *Sun* of this morning announces a change of proprietorship, Mr Kimball retiring and Mr. A. Q. Routh, late of the South Bend (Ind.) *Register*, taking his place. The new editor proclaims his intention to run a temperance paper "until after the election," and then to take whatever other course may seem best.

The Democratic party will be noted in history as a party with many names. "Locofoco," "Bourbon," "Copperhead," "Hunker," and "Pro-Slavery" are among the names that will stick to it like a brother, and now, on motion of Mr. Tilden and his friends, another adjective has been invented and applied,—the "Cipher" Democracy.

LIVER IS KING.

The liver is the imperial organ of the whole human system, as it controls the life, health and happiness of man. When it is disturbed in its proper action, all kinds of ailments are the natural result. The digestion of food, the movements of the heart and blood the action of the brain and nervous system, are all immediately connected with the workings of the Liver It has been successfully proved that Green's August Flower is unequalled in curing all persons afflicted with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint, and all the numerous symptoms that result from an unhealthy condition of the Liver and Stomach. Sample bottles to try, 10 cents Positively sold in all towns on the Western Continent. Three doses will prove that it is just what you want.

Aug 9-d&weot

"For Sweet Charity's Sake."

Having been informed that certain persons are not willing to contribute to a fund for the relief of those injured at the fair grounds, on the 17th, for fear that we will receive the money, we ask the privilege of announcing that we will contribute the amount of our bill (fifty dollars) for services rendered Mr. Penniwell yesterday, and that the benevolently inclined need not any longer look upon us as standing in their way.

W J. CHENOWETH,
A. R. SMALL

EX-GOV. PALMER, in his Springfield paper, commenting upon the speeches made at a Democratic meeting recently, asks in a tone of sadness: "Will the time ever come when the Democratic speakers will have courage enough to talk honestly and sensibly to the people on the subject of the finances?" Well, we reckon not.

WHY THE HAIR FALLS OUT,

AND HOW TO RESTORE ITS STRENGTH AND COLOR.—Each hair is secreted by a little vesicle or gland, the latter being nourished by a small blood-vessel. As long as these blood-vessels furnish sufficient encouragement the hair will continue to grow; but if from disease or other cause they become torpid or obstructed, the hair will necessarily become dry and fall off. It is here the wonderful virtues of "London Hair-Color Restorer" are manifested, as its tonic properties excite these hair follicles to increased activity and completely restore the scalp to a healthy condition, and a fine growth of hair in its natural youthful color is sure to be the result. Apart from its tonic and coloring qualities, "London Hair-Color Restorer" is the most cleanly and lasting of all hair dressings, making it indispensable on the toilet of every lady and gentleman. Sold at 75 cents a bottle by all leading druggists.

April 27—deod w13.

J. S. HAND & CO.,

Booksellers and Music Dealers, Post Office Block,

Have, in addition to their other novelties, *The Wardwell* two-spool sewing machine. It is a curiosity, and a great improvement on the old style shuttle and bobbin machines, sewing right from the spools and making the lock stitch. It is completeness itself. Call and see it. The firm is also agents for the celebrated *light* running *Domestic*, now so popular in this section of the state. The Domestic has been tested and found to be *the* family machine. Now comes the *Wardwell*, which has no equal in any land. 1m

MARRIED.—A quiet wedding took place on Tuesday evening last, about four miles northwest of the city, at the residence of the bride's parents, Elder W. B. Allen officiating. Mr. John M. Boyer, (son of Rev. I E. Boyer,) was the bridegroom, and Miss Lillie M. Rue the bride. The happy pair will go to Joe Daviess county in the latter part of the week, where Mr Boyer will be teaching school during the winter.

FLOUR DEPOT.—D. S. Shellabarger & Co. have removed their flour depot to Ham & Cunningham's agricultural store, on Prairie street. Flour delivered to any part of the city, and farmers can buy as low as at the mill, each sack of flour warranted. Shellabarger & Co. are now putting large and valuable improvements to their mill, and will have, when completed, by far the best mill in central Illinois.

HAM & CUNNINGHAM.

Sept.19-d&wtf

Notice.—Having made satisfactory settlement with my creditors, the business will continue as heretofore, under the same name and style of firm. Thanking my friends and patrons for past favors, I hope for a continuance of the same in the future Respectfully,

Oct. 15—d&w1w THEO. A GERRMANN.

FARMER'S

DINING HALL!

West Side of Old Square,

DECATUR, ILL.,

CHAS. DROHN, Prop'r.

This House, a first-class one, is prepared for travelers and day-boarders. The accommodation is the best, and No. 1. Rooms and Beds will be found

Meals, 25 Cents.

Oct. 29, 1877—d&wtf

JOS. MICHL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

CIGARS, TOBACCO,

PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

NO. 12 WATER STREET,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Manufacturer of the

"El Boquet," "Belle of the West," "NILSSON" and "SELECT"

Brands of Cigars.

Having an experience of Thirty Years in the Cigar Business, retailers will find it to their interest to examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. Jul20'78w1f

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical cure (without medicine) of SPERMATORRŒA or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, IMPOTENCY, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, CONSUMPTION, EPILEPSY and FITS, induced by indulgence or sexual extravagance, etc.

Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife, pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York, P. O. Box 4586.

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to O. A. JACKSON & CO., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

Jan. 20, 1878—w1y

To Trade.

A FARM IN McLEAN COUNTY, OF 146 acres—120 prairie, under cultivation; balance timber—for a farm of eighty to one hundred acres, within two miles of Decatur. Address Lock Box 318, Decatur, Ill.

Sept. 27—d21 w4w

A. R. ARBUCKLE,

Attorney at Law,

Decatur, Ills.

Office with J. F. Webb, 21 Water St.—Up stairs. September 5, 1878-w3mo.

MEN WANTED, MONEY MADE FAST, BY THE BUSINESS MEN OF THE PACIFIC COAST. EARLY PAYS. NO PUBLIC CONTRACT. U. S. PAT. IMPORTING CO. 105 Wm. Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

MONEY

TO LOAN

On

Improved Farms

At the

Very Lowest Rates.

W. A. BARNES,

OVER STOOKEY'S BOOK STORE.

Decatur Mar18'75-1y

J. MILLIKIN & CO.

BANKERS

DEACTUR, ILLINOIS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED.

LOANS NEGOTIATED.

ETC.

Drafts For Sale on all the Principal Cities, and on England, Ireland, Germany, Etc., Etc.

Revenue Stamps for sale in quantities to suit. Banking Hours 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Aug18'70-1y

ANDREW KEPLER

Manufactures the

Best Brands of Cigars

And buys exclusively from first hands thereby securing the lowest prices. Sole Agent for

WILSON, SORG & CO.'S PLUG,

And all the Leading Brands of

FINE CUT!

To the

"DRUM MAJOR"

The Best Navy Plug in America, under express to me. It will go further by 33 per cent and is unequalled in flavor. I can always offer special inducements to chewers in the way of samples and job lots, which will be sold very cheap. A splendid line of

PIPES AND SMOKER'S GOODS.

Give Me a Call.

My ten years of experience in Decatur enables me to offer inducements second to no other House in the country.

Southeast Corner of Old Square,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Nov. 15, 1877 w1f A. KEPLER.

IF YOU WANT

Choice Groceries

CALL ON

HENRY LYON,

28 Merchant St.,

Where you will always find a stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries and

PROVISIONS,

Which will be sold at prices as low as can be found anywhere.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods

HENRY LYON.

Decatur, Mar18'75-wtf

HOWARD

Insurance Company,

OF NEW YORK.

CHARTERED 1825.

SAMUEL T. SKIDMORE, President
HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice President

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire

FOR POLICIES APPLY TO

JESSE LEFORGEE,

Agent, Decatur.

WE LOAN GOLD!

Commissions Reduced

MONEY AT 8 PER CENT.

On Good Farms.

No Fees Unless the Loan is made.

COMMISSIONS 3 PER CENT

We can arrange to divide the loan into bonds of different dates of maturity.

From two to five Years

No Bond Less than $500.

CREA & EWING,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Over Ferrier' Shoe Store.

Decatur, Nov. 1, 1877-w1y

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS

— AT —

LOWER PRICES THAN EVER FOR CASH!

We have Just Received an Immense Invoice of

MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS'

CLOTHING

Including a Choice Lot of SCHOOL SUITS.

ALSO, FALL STYLES of SILK AND SOFT

HATS!

In addition to variety, he has a large lot of **SAMPLE HATS,** which he will sell very cheap.

LAUNDRIED AND UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS!

NECKWEAR OF ALL KINDS,

Underwear and Furnishing Goods

Of Every Variety and Price, ALL NEW and of the LATEST STYLES.

IN OUR

Merchant Tailoring Department!

Will be found the first arrival of new and stylish Cloths and Cassimeres, Vestings and Overcoatings. Suits or single garments made to order on the shortest notice and fits guaranteed. Two first-class cutters are constantly employed.

J. R. RACE & CO.

You will miss it if you spend your

SILVER DOLLARS!

FOR

SADDLES, HARNESS AND HORSE EQUIPMENTS,

BEFORE YOU CALL And Examine Our Stock AND GET OUR PRICES

We will not be Undersold, and Guarantee Our Goods as Represented. We use nothing but the

BEST OAK TANNED LEATHER!

Direct from the tanyard. We have always on hand a large assortment of

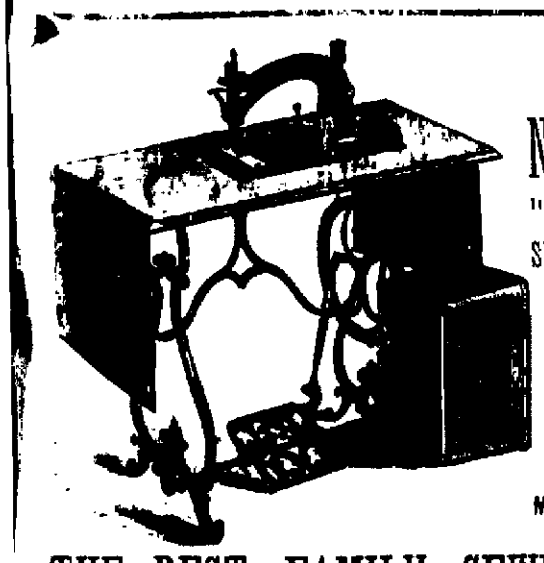
Summer Lap Robes,

SHEETS AND NETS,

VARNISH OILS, HARNESS SOAPS, AND DRESSINGS FOR CARRIAGES AND BUGGY TOPS, FREE FROM ACIDS.

J. G. STARR & SON,

WEST SIDE OF THE OLD SQUARE NEXT DOOR TO THE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL



BUY ONLY THE

NEW AMERICAN

It is the **Only Sewing Machine** which has a

SELF-THREADING SHUTTLE

It has Self-Setting Needle. Never Fails to Thread. Never Skips Stitches. Is the Lightest Running.

THE SIMPLEST, THE MOST DURABLE, AND IN EVERY RESPECT

THE BEST FAMILY SEWING MACHINE!

The "NEW AMERICAN" is easily learned, does not get out of order, and will do more work with less labor than any other machine. Illustrated Circular furnished on application.

AGENTS WANTED.

J. S. McKENNEY, Manager, Office and Salesroom, 244 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill

DENNIS & REA, AGENTS,

South Side Central Park, Decatur, Ill.

Jan. 24, 1878—wly

TUTT'S PILLS.

For TEN YEARS **TUTT'S PILLS** have been the recognized **standard Family Medicine** in all the **Atlantic States**—From **Maine** to **Mexico,** scarcely a family can be found that does not use them. It is now proposed to make their **virtues known** in the **WEST,** with the certainty that as soon as tested they will become equally popular there as in the other sections of the **North and South.**

TUTT'S PILLS!!

DO THEY CURE EVERYTHING?

NO.—They are intended for diseases that result from malaria, Poison and a Deranged Liver.

DR. TUTT has devoted twenty-five years to the study of the **Liver and the** ailments it is demonstrated that it exerts greater influence over the system than any other organ of the body—**Digestion** and Assimilation of the food—on which, it is said, the vitality of the body,—is entirely dependent through its regular action of the bowels depend entirely, and when these functions are deranged, the **Heart, the Brain, the Skin and the Stomach,** in fact the entire organism is affected.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISORDERED LIVER.

Dull Pain in the Side and Shoulder, loss of Appetite, Costive Bowels, Sick Headache; Drowsiness; Weight in the Stomach after Eating, with Acidity and Distending up of Wind, Low Spirits; Loss of Energy; Unsociability; and forebodings of Evil.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE NEGLECTED,

SOON FOLLOWS

DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUS FEVER, CHILLS, JAUNDICE, COLIC, NERVOUSNESS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, NEURALGIA, KIDNEY DISEASE, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, AND A GENERAL BREAKING DOWN OF THE SYSTEM.

HEED THE WARNING!

TAKE

TUTT'S PILLS.

The first dose produces an effect which often astonishes the sufferer, giving a cheerfulness of mind and buoyancy of body, to which he was before a stranger. They create an Appetite, Good Digestion, and

SOLID FLESH AND HARD MUSCLE.

A LOUISANA PLANTER SAYS:

"My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of sickness. I employ one hundred and fifty hands, often half of them were sick. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of **TUTT'S PILLS.** I used them as a preventive as well as a cure. The result was marvellous; my laborers became hearty, robust, and happy, and I have had no further trouble. With these Pills I would not fear to live in the Okolona swamp."

E. RIVAL, BAYOU SARA, LA.

"BEST PILL IN EXISTENCE."

"I have used your PILLS for Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach and Nervousness, and can say I never did any thing to do me so much good in the way of medicine. They are as good as you represent them. I recommend them as the **Best Pill** in existence, and do all I can to acquaint others with their good merits."

J. W. TIBBETTS, DACOTA, MINN.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS, 25 CENTS.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

GET THE

BEST!

—THE—

"Crown Jewel!"

is without an equal for

Service, Durability and Economy.

"THE ARGAND"

IS ALSO STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS. CALL AND SEE THEM.

Also a full line of First-class

COOK STOVES

—AND—

Heating Stoves.

Hardware of all Kinds

R. C. CROCKER,

No. 9 Water Street.

Oct. 7, 1878—d&wtf

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

TRADE MARK.

TRADE MARK.

Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for SEMINAL WEAKNESS, SPERMATORRHŒA, IMPOTENCY and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over-indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

Before Taking. After Taking.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The Specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10 Mechanic's Block, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Decatur, Illinois, at DR. A. J. STONER'S Drug Store, and by druggists everywhere.

VAN SCHAACK, STEVENSON & CO., CHICAGO, WHOLESALE AGENTS.

July 4, 1878—d&wly.

FOR SALE.

In consequence of my removal from the city, I will sell cheap for cash my premises on Macon street, 111 feet front, nicely set in trees and shrubbery; house in good repair; 8 rooms, hall and cellar; barn and outhouses. Also will sell horse and buggy.

Oct. 23—dtf WM. W. SMITH.

Champaign Gazette.

In a rather jocular manner we have occasionally referred to the fact that "Phocion" Howard was editing Mal Jones. We need not stop to tell who Phocion Howard is. He is a jolly cuss with a merry heart, at home where his hat is, always ready for frolic or fray, and in journalism is a rolling stone. He doesn't want any "moss" for he is the early bird that sucketh in the mountain dew. He carries a free lance and fights for the side that pays the best. We need not stop to tell who Jones is, either. He is the alleged Democratic candidate for Congress. That's all.

Phocion is indignant that we should even insinuate that he is the author of the hog-wash which has been circulated over the district in handbill form, purporting to be the "record" of Mal Jones and the "record" of J. G. Cannon. He writes us as follows:

CHICAGO, Oct. 6, 1878.—EDITOR GAZETTE: Enclosed you will find a copy of the record I prepared for general circulation in the interest of Malden Jones. You will see that no mention is made of Mr. Cannon or *his* record. The miserable swash now being circulated is the work of old Haddock. I disclaim its paternity. The Tuscola *Journal* makes a brutal personal attack upon me without cause. I was assured the campaign should be an honorable one. Haddock and Walls set and write differently. The enclosed record did not appear *dirty* enough for old Haddock, so it has never been circulated, notwithstanding I bought him paper on which to print it, he not having credit for even one quire, and no money. Yours etc., PHOCION HOWARD.

The "record" referred to in the above is a four-page circular, signed by the members of the Democratic Congressional Committee. In another letter of Oct. 10th, Mr. Howard requests the publication of his note of the 6th inst., and still further proceeds to wash his hands of Jones. He says:

"I valuated Jones three weeks ago. He, like politicians generally, is an ungrateful old beast. There was a conference of Democratic brains four weeks ago and all of us passed this resolution: That in a choice between Joe Cannon, Mal Jones and a d—d flat fool, we preferred Joe Cannon. That's all. H. To Aspern writes a friend in Chicago that you (Scroggs) will be beaten. He says that Core, Day and himself will be elected. I am working for my wife and boy and d—n me if I touch another politician."

Verily Phocion is cast down. He thinketh the world is hollow and his doll stuffed with saw-dust. And all this woe and grief, these disappointments and cuss words cometh from mixing his drinks and politics. Phocion, me boy, let us give you a conundrum: Can a man lie down with dogs without getting up with fleas? Nay, verily. Moral: Henceforth beware of Democratic politicians.

Annual Cost of the Rebellion.

From the Philadelphia Press.

Our Democratic friends have much to say on the expenditures of the Government. The subject is interesting and always important. The money spent is collected from the people, and they have a right to know why it is spent, and how. The tables published elsewhere in this issue analyze the expenditures for the last eight years and will enable our readers to see:

1. The amount of the total expenditures of the Government from 1869 to 1876, inclusive.

2. The amount of the ordinary expenditures for the same years.

3. The amount of expenditures due to the rebellion.

4. The population of the country in each of the years named, and the proportion per capita of both ordinary expenses and those which were extraordinary and due to the rebellion.

The figures in the tables may be relied upon as correct. They have been carefully compiled from official sources in the Treasury Department, and are presented as entirely trustworthy.

They show these results:

1. That since 1869 (the beginning of the Grant administration) the total expenditures, less redemption of public debt, have fallen from $322,895,079 51 in 1869, to $258,459,797 33 in 1876.

2. That the ordinary expenditures have fallen from $112,970,198 29 in 1869, to 110,485,334 69 in 1876.

3. That the per capita proportion of ordinary expenditures was $2 90 in 1869 and was $2 41 in 1876.

4. That the per capita proportion of extraordinary expenditures and those due to the rebellion was $5 56 in 1869, and $3 27 in 1876.

5. That the expenses due to the rebellion were $199,623,662 24 in 1869, and $140,919,679 23 in 1876, or nearly $12,000,000 a month, and nearly $400,000 a day.

This is the cost the country is now paying for having trusted the Democratic party with the mangement of its affairs. We commend these figures to the careful study of the people. They need no comment.

MALDEN JONES has made a platform to suit himself. The Illinois State Democratic platform is not large enough for him to stand upon—he had one made to order the other day at Champaign. This one is supposed to be broad enough to take in Jesse Harper's platform.

THE Champaign Democratic conference, on Wednesday, seems to have had some results after all. Jones has authorized his organs to state his financial position, which is as soft as could be desired. Malden can now crack his whip and bid defiance to Farnsworth.

The Republican party was organized as an anti-slavery party, and that when slavery was abolished, the rebellion crushed out, and the three constitutional amendments adopted, its mission had ended. While those great events were transpiring, Mr. Farnsworth was a Republican. History tells us that the Democratic party was opposed to all these great measures; in fact Mr. Farnsworth himself told his Democratic friends last evening that the Democratic party had been the slavery party of this country, and strange as it may appear, the logic of Mr. Farnsworth was that notwithstanding the Republican party had been the anti-slavery party, that it subdued the Democratic rebellion and passed the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments—and that all these things were accomplished in spite of the determined opposition of the Democratic party—yet the party that had consummated these great acts should be mustered out of service, and the Democracy reinstated in power; a party that rebeled because a majority of the people of this country held views similar to those entertained by Mr. Farnsworth at that time upon the slavery question—an organization that never failed to throw every obstacle in the way of a successful prosecution of the war, and fought to the bitter end the passage of the constitutional amendments. It is strange, indeed, that it has never occurred to Mr. Farnsworth that the party that was capable of consummating such grand results as he pictured to his Democratic audience, was not better fitted to maintain them than the party that only adopted these measures when forced upon it by the sentiment of the country. It should occur to Mr. Farnsworth that the mission of the Democratic party had ended when Fort Sumter was fired upon, and not infer that because the Republicans in his district had concluded that *his* mission had ended as their representative, that therefore the Republican party should step down and out.

GEN. FARNSWORTH, in his speech last evening, said that the mission of the Republican party had ended—that when the soldiers were mustered out of service at the close of the war, the Republican party should have stepped down and out. The war ended in 1865, and yet Farnsworth did not step down and out till 1872, seven years after the close of the war—and then only because the Republican party refused to re-nominate him for congress. Strange that this man Farnsworth did not discover his line of duty until his Republican neighbors were forced to reduce him to the ranks.

GOV. PALMER, in his speech at the court house last night, had a good deal to say about voting for honest men, and spoke of Malden Jones as a shining example of that class, for whom all honest men could consistently vote. Now, Malden Jones publicly avows himself an advocate of that system of finance which Gov. Palmer stigmatizes as vicious and dishonest, and which he loses no opportunity to denounce. The question naturally suggests itself, whether Malden Jones is honest in supporting a dishonest system of national finance? And it might also be well to inquire whether Gov. Palmer is honest in advising people to vote for a man whose notions on finance are, according to the ex-governor, founded on dishonest principles.

IN his speech at the court house last night Gov. Palmer went out of his way to attack Hon. J. G. Cannon, and to puff Malden Jones, all of which he justified upon the ground that he wanted his hearers to vote for "an honest man." The platform on which this "honest" man stands, is the one which the ex-governor spits upon and denounces as dishonest, while the views and utterances of Mr. Cannon are substantially those which are held to be sound and honest by that peculiar bundle of political contradictions, John M. Palmer. It is difficult to conceive of the motives which actuate Gov. Palmer in advising people to defeat the candidate who represents *his* views, and to elect the one whose position he does not hesitate to stigmatize as dishonest. But that's a good deal like Palmer.

MALDEN JONES aspires to the leadership. The Illinois Democratic platform is not wishy-washy enough for him to stand upon. He has constructed one for himself, and this one is supposed to be an exact model of Dan Vorhees'.

MR. TILDEN and Mr. Marble both say they never did anything of the kind, but it seems to have taken them a good while to find out whether they are guilty or not.

The rumor of Malden Jones' withdrawal, it seems, was general throughout the district two days ago. The Champaign *Gazette* of Wednesday had this item:

We have information from what we consider good authority, that the district Democratic Congressional Committee is to meet in this city to-day, to receive Malden Jones' resignation as a Congressional candidate, and to select his successor. Mr. Jones, who is in the city, says that there is, as yet, no truth in the report. Yet it is doubtless true.

The Danville *News* of yesterday makes this mention of the matter:

We learn that the Democratic Congressional Committee was called to meet in Champaign yesterday, and rumor had it that Malden Jones would likely be withdrawn. We cannot confirm this report, but we know there is serious trouble in the camp, and that Mr. Jones is growing weaker every day. His record is bad: he has no manly sentiments or utterance; he is afraid to be square for solid money or national honesty, and is in every way a demagogue and weakling.

The Champaign correspondent of the Chicago *Times* telegraphed as follows

The Democratic Central Committee of this district held a secret meeting here to-day. It was generally believed here that it was designed to remove from the ticket Hon. Malden Jones, nominee for Congress. It is believed to-night that the committee failed to compromise with the Greenback Central Committee, and Jones was not removed. Some Democrats claim that there was no such purpose, and that they will keep Mr. Jones on the ticket if he does not get fifty votes. Jones to-night issued an article stating his financial position to be identical with that of Dan Voorhees.

Under date of the 16th the Champaign correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* sent this dispatch:

The Democracy of the Fourteenth District are in a quandary. The District Central Committee was summoned to meet in this city to-day for consultation. Rumor said that Malden Jones, the Democratic nominee for Congress, would present his resignation and give up the contest. The case is a hopeless one for the Democrats anyhow. Jones is riding both hobbies—flat and hard money,—and Farnsworth is making speeches in this district in favor of hard money, which Jones is afraid will lose him the Democratic-Greenback vote. The Committee had a secret session all the afternoon, and adjourned to meet to-night in Urbana, it is surmised, to cook up an arrangement with Jesse Harper, the Flat candidate for Congress from this district, who spoke there to-night. Members of the committee give assurances that Jones will not back down, but he is evidently sick of the race.

All these accounts fortify the statements made in our columns on Wednesday—that Jones is sick of his canvass and would fain sell out to Jesse Harper. It is strange that these rumors could have gained such widespread circulation in so short a time, if there was nothing in them. "Where there is so much smoke there must be some fire," and it is very safe to assume that there is serious trouble in the camp, on account of Jones' signal failure to make an effective canvass.

SECRETARY THOMPSON, if the indications developed by interviewers mean anything, is a Grant man. He thinks Grant would be stronger in the south than any other man, and would carry South Carolina, Louisiana, and Mississippi, as well as the solid north. Still, it is a long look ahead, he adds, and there is no telling what the future may unfold.

GEN. FARNSWORTH, who spoke last night at the court house to a small crowd of Democrats, was a radical Republican up to the holding of the congressional Republican convention in his district in 1872. That convention refused to re-nominate him for congress, and the next day he Greeleyized. Since that time Farnsworth has been prowling around in the Democratic camp.—Had the Republicans kept Farnsworth in congress he would have been a Republican to-day.

THE Illinois Democratic platform declares that United States bonds "should be replaced by other bonds bearing a lower rate of interest." This declaration does not suit Malden Jones, as he has issued a platform of his own in which he declares that "he is opposed to the issue of any more interest bearing bonds," and "is in favor of issuing greenbacks" in payment of bonds as "fast as they become payable." This Malden supposes will cover Jesse Harper's platform, and this should certainly satisfy the most ardent greenbacker. The bonded debt is about two billions of dollars, and surely this amount of greenback currency would satisfy the wildest champion of flat money.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1878.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For State Treasurer,
GENERAL JOHN C. SMITH,
of JoDaviess County.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
JAMES P. SLADE,
of St. Clair County.

For Clerk Supreme Court—Cent. Grand Div'n,
M. H. CONVERSE,
of Sangamon County.

For Clerk of Appellate Court—Third District,
M. M. DUNCAN,
of Macoupin county.

For Representative in Congress, 14th District,
JOSEPH G. CANNON,
of Vermilion Co.

For Senator 29th District,
WILLIAM T. MOFFETT,
of Macon county.

For Representatives 29th District,
DR. JOHN H. TYLER,
GEORGE K. INGHAM,
of DeWitt county.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,
MARTIN FORSTMYER.

For Coroner,
FRANK W. HAINES.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

Special attention is called to the list of appointments published in this week's paper. As these will in all probability be the last Republican meetings of the campaign in this county it is to be hoped that they will be fully attended. The speakers advertised are among the best to be had in this portion of the state, and they ought to draw good crowds. Let our friends go to work to make these meetings a complete success.

REGISTER next Tuesday.

W. R. JEWELL, of Danville, at the court house, next Tuesday night

LOOK OUT for a fresh invoice of Democratic slanders next week.

THE last day for registration of voters will be on Tuesday of next week. Let every Republican see that his name is on the registry list.

ADOLPH BENNECKE, the late city treasurer of Bloomington, who mysteriously disappeared a few weeks ago, died of yellow fever, in New Orleans, last week.

THE concert given by Marie Von Elsner on Monday evening at Bloomington, was a most brilliant affair of the kind ever witnessed in that city. The net receipts were about $650.

MARTIN FORSTMYER is one of the best sheriffs Macon county has had in many years—always at his post and always prompt in the discharge of his duties. He deserves to be re-elected.

MR. W. R. JEWELL, the editor of the Danville *News* who is advertised to speak at the court house on the evening of the 29th, enjoys a high reputation as a public speaker, and never fails to command the attention of his hearers.

OUR Republican friends should work unceasingly until the sun goes down on the election of November 5th. Every man should labor as if on one vote the fate of the nation depended. To secure *one vote more* should be the object of all who labor for the party and its success

THE way to roll up large majorities is for every Republican to work from now until the close of the ballot on November 5 as if one vote more was needed to win. Let every lover of his country resolve himself into a committee of one and go to work in earnest. Our future existence as a nation is the stake played for.

THE Republicans of the 29th district have it in their power to elect both their candidates for the lower house. We have a handsome majority in the district, and all that is necessary is for every Republican to go to the polls on the 5th of November and cast *one and a half votes* each for Tyler and Ingham.

IN four of the free states of this Union, having Republican majorities ranging from 14,000 to 25,000, men dare not put a Republican ticket in the field this year. To do so is to do it at the peril of their lives—that they will be killed not like men, in brave and honorable warfare, but shot like dogs while sleeping in their beds.

UNCLE TOM CAMPBELL had a meeting at Mt. Zion last night, but after the speech was over and the chairman called for those who were greenbackers to rise only one solitary individual stood up and inquiry revealed the fact that he was not old enough to vote. But Uncle Tom consoles himself with the reflection that if that young man lives, and don't change his views, there will be one greenback voter in Mt. Zion after a while.

THE WHOLE STORY IN BRIEF.

Inflation is enormous robbery, because a legal-tender note is a certificate to a share of whatever purchasing and paying power labor has earned and saved. You can not add to the wheat in your elevator by issuing more certificates.—That only robs somebody. The legal-tender has no value in itself, and merely conveys title to a value somewhere else. You can not double the value of farms in Illinois by issuing 200,000 more title deeds. But you increase the unexpended purchasing power itself when you increase the coin in the country. For coin is part of those products of labor which we have earned and saved. It has cost the labor of searching, mining, transporting, smelting, and that which equips, feeds or supports those thus employed. No other product embodies labor of so many kinds, the rudest and cheapest, and the most skilled, scientific and costly, and is, at the same time, so universally demanded. It is, therefore, the best attainable measure of the value of all labor and its products.

The world so accepts it, and the demand for it is as universal as the demand for labor itself. But it measures value only because it has value. It measures purchasing power honestly, only because it *is* an unexpended product of labor. The dollar says, "I am 25 8-10 grains of gold, 9-10 fine, and the holder has rendered a service of that value to society, for which he shall have an equivalent value on demand in labor or any product thereof." But of this function paper money is not relatively but absolutely incapable. In order to measure value, the tool of exchange must have value. That which has no weight cannot measure weight. That which has no length cannot measure length. So that which costs no labor can no more measure value than a pint cup can measure miles. If we could fix an arbitrary value of currency which should be constant, values would measure themselves against it only in case we could seclude ourselves from all other countries. The negroes of Africa have tried the experiment with their "machutes," and borrowing their wisdom, we are tending toward their barbarism. Can we not "coin credit?" it will be asked. Certainly, but of all things known credit is the least constant. Declaring by law that our credit shall be worth 100 cents on the dollar does not make it so. Government can declare that two feet shall hereafter be called one yard, but that will not change the length of a piece of cloth.

To our friends throughout the county we say do not rely too much on mass meetings. Keep up the quiet, personal canvass until the 5th of November.—There are tens of thousands of influential men who cannot deliver a speech, but they can talk effectively and carry conviction with their words. On these quiet workers we rely for victory as much as we do upon those gifted orators who fascinate and please on the platform. Let every citizen do his duty.

IT is well to remember that bills are now pending in Congress to permit State banks to be organized with the power to circulate bills. The Democratic cry for the destruction of the national banks has the ghost of the old State banks rising behind it. The real motive for the change is based upon the "State rights" doctrine of the party, which, if once in power, will not rest until both national bank and greenback notes are retired to give place to State bank issues.

COL. GEORGE SCROGGS, the well-known editor of the Champaign *Gazette*, and M. W. Matthews, Esq., of Urbana, who are billed for three speeches each in this county during the week preceding the election, are both speakers of no ordinary ability, and deserve to be greeted by large audiences. Colonel Scroggs has not done much in the line of speaking previous to this campaign, but wherever he has gone he has more than met the expectations of his hearers. Mr. Matthews has a well-established reputation as a speaker, and always wins the plaudits of an audience.

FROM all parts of the state come reports of the failures of Democratic meetings. The great lights of the party—Farnsworth, Goudy, Springer, Robinson, Marshall and others—only have slim audiences to talk to. On the other hand, Republican meetings are generally well attended, and the people seem eager to listen to the truth. It's a good sign.

Great Bargains in Carpets and Window Shades, at Linn & Scruggs',
Jan 23–d&wtf

LARGE MEETINGS.

The meetings addressed by Mr. Cannon on Saturday—at Maroa in the afternoon and at Macon in the evening—were among the largest held in the county this year. At both places the audiences were only limited in size to the capacity of the halls in which the meetings were held, and the closest attention was given the speaker, who discussed the financial questions of the day with the same fairness and ability which have characterized his speeches throughout the county. No candidate ever made a better impression upon the people of all parties than Mr. Cannon is making during this canvass. He is everywhere listened to with the greatest interest, and Democrats who hear him do not hesitate to compliment his speeches for their fairness and perfect absence of demagoguery.

A Crime Against Humanity.

The Republican party has a magnificent record. Its wisdom, loyalty, courage, fidelity to public trusts, and noble devotion to the rights of man challenge the world's admiration. The Democratic party has a record over which every American citizen should blush. Its treachery, dishonesty, disloyalty; its base use of power; its devotion to slavery when that institution controlled the nation, and its slavish submission to those leaders who have outlived the wrong they could not save, stamp it a party unworthy of confidence, entitled only to infamy and scorn.

To exchange the party of freedom for this sin-begotten shadow of slavery would be a crime against humanity and a disgrace to civilization.

Saved Too Little.

We have saved too little and spent too much. In building more railroads than are yet needed, or more factories, costly houses, or fine stores, or in wasteful and extravagant living, we have so exhausted our means that we have not enough to sustain our industry at full activity. What can we do? Produce and save more. In no way can the unexpended products of labor be obtained except by labor. Printing promises does not make more wheat, nor save the value to set our mills at work, and employ our farmers in raising more food for busy workmen.

PAUSE AND REFLECT.—Before a vote is cast for the Democratic ticket we hope the citizen will satisfy himself that such a vote will be for the interest of the country. In our opinion it will not be. A vote for the Democracy will be a vote for the introduction of disturbing elements into the body politic. It will be a vote in favor of reversing the verdict of the war, a vote in favor of throwing aside the fruits of a costly and bloody struggle. The ascendancy of Republicanism means the continuance of peace, and to maintain this ascendancy is the duty of all who love their country.

"GREENBACK-DEMOCRATIC" meetings they call them now, at which the pure milk of the word is dispensed by speakers of the genuine Democratic trade-mark. We submit, however, that this ostentatious use of the word "greenback" by our Democratic brethren is a serious infringement upon the copyright owned by Uncle Tom Campbell and his followers, who will not be slow to resent the indignity.

GEN. GARFIELD was re-elected to congress at the recent Ohio election by a clean majority of 6,367 over two Greenbackers, one of whom was a Democrat and the other a what-d'-you-call-'em. And this, too, after the special effort of the Democratic Legislature last winter to gerrymander the General out of a district in which he could be elected. General Garfield is an honest and an able statesman, and his people know it.

From Wednesday's Daily.

MEETINGS LAST NIGHT.—Hon. Shaw Pease and George K. Ingham addressed a good meeting at Maroa last night.—Mr. R. E. Andrews presided, and the best feeling prevailed. These gentlemen speak at Argenta to-night.

Messrs. Moffett and Tyler had a fine audience at Long Creek school house last night. Samuel W. Gillespie, Esq., presided, and the speeches were listened to with the closest attention. From parties who were present we learn that the speeches resulted in making some votes for the Republican ticket. Messrs. Moffett and Tyler speak at Oakley to-night.

Crochet Shawls and Children's Coats.—A large stock on hand, and made to order any style or color, at
Oct. 9–d&wtf M. GOLDBURG'S.

WHERE AMERICAN EXPORTS GO.

A Few Facts and Figures Concerning the Matter.

Washington Dispatch (October 9) Cleveland Leader.

The immense increase of American exports in the last three years, changing the balance of trade from $116,000,000 against us to $271,000,000 in our favor, has been widely published and commented upon, and people are asking of what do these exports consist. It would require a reproduction of the entire report of the Bureau of Statistics to answer this question in detail, but a general glance at the articles of commerce will satisfy the curiosity of all but the statisticians.

In the first place, within the last two or three years, since the trouble in Europe commenced, the exports of fire-arms and ammunition have been enormous. Turkey alone purchased $27,000,000 worth of guns and cartridges. Large amounts were sold to Russia also, and other European nations purchased in smaller quantities.

American petroleum is sent to every civilized nation.

American car-wheels, cars and locomotives are found on almost every railroad in the world.

American hardware goes to Denmark, Germany, France, Great Britain, Spain, Italy, Africa and Australia, the West Indies, Brazil and the Pacific islands. Our nails are used in every civilized country, and have the largest shipments of any single article of manufactured iron.

Glassware is sent from the United States to all the countries named above in large quantities, and the shipments are rapidly increasing.

American cutlery is being sold in competition with the famous English and French manufactures, and holds its own.

Pumps are sent from the United States to South America, the Pacific islands and the West Indies.

Coal goes to the British possessions, the West Indies and the Sandwich Islands.

American paint is used in South America, the islands of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, Mexico, and a market is being opened for it in Europe.

Our clock and watch-makers are stealing the markets that have heretofore sold only Swiss and English goods, and have become known everywhere in the world.

But the largest shipments are of agricultural implements, sewing-machines, scales, plated ware and saws. From the port of New York alone more than $1,500,000 worth of sewing-machines were shipped last year, and during the first six months of this year $806,741 worth of them were shipped. During the first six months of this year there were shipped from New York $961,027 worth of reapers, $137,109 worth of plated ware, $120,000 worth of scales. The increase in the shipments of plated ware in two years have been 143 per cent.; of reapers, 50 per cent., and of scales 57 per cent. The increase in the exports of other articles have been in the same proportion. The shipments of beef, cheese, butter, preserved meats, hops and cotton goods, have all increased over 50 per cent. within two years; and boots and shoes, leather goods, iron implements and other articles of American manufacture have increased in the same ratio.

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick-headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual costiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits, etc. Its sale now reaches every town on the Western Continent, and not a druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a sample bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you.
Aug. 8–d&weot

EDUCATE YOUR BOYS.
Send them to
Riverview Military Academy,
POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y. OTIS BISBEE, A. M., Principal and Proprietor, where they will find the best school building on the Hudson River; rooms carpeted, and furnished; steam-heated; hot water on each floor; admission at any time; discipline kindly efficient. Sons of Clergymen at reduced rates.
Oct. 24—wlm

Good News to All Out of Employment.
We will send free by mail to any one desiring pleasant and profitable employment, a beautiful Chromo and confidential circular of the American and European Chromo Company showing how to make money. We have something entirely new, such as has never been offered to the public before. There is lots of money in it for agents. Address, enclosing a 3-cent stamp for return postage on Chromo, F. GLEASON, 19 Essex street, Boston, Mass.
Oct. 24—wlmo

COAL, WOOD, GRAIN
—AND—
GROCERIES!
COAL OF ALL KINDS, BOTH HARD AND soft, Wood in quantities to suit, delivered to any part of the city; also,
Corn, Oats, Groceries and Vegetables,
ALL CHEAP FOR CASH.
Thankful for past favors, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.
FRED J. SMITH.
Sept. 9, 1878—d&wly

MEN WANTED IMMEDIATELY TO SELL TEA AND COFFEE. THE BEST HOME TO SELL OUR GOODS TO DEALERS. TRADE MARK REGISTERED. PAID NO PEDDLING. **YEARLY CONTRACT** E. S. TEA IMPORTING CO., 145 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Victory! Victory!!

Glorious Success of the New Enterprise!

LAMBERT & CO.,

Promised to plant the New York Market in Decatur, and have done it. "We shall fight it out on this line." OUR CAUSE IS THE CAUSE OF THE PEOPLE. LET THEM FEEL SO ANXIETY FOR US. WE ARE BOUND TO WIN. Hundreds, for miles around, are flocking to our support. We thank them for it. They realize the fact that we are giving them NEW GOODS AT NEW YORK PRICES.

Our Having Five Large Stores!

Enables us to BUY GOODS IN LARGE LOTS and to retail Goods often even under wholesale rates.

IMMENSE COLLECTION OF

PRINTS!

MUSLINS, TABLE LINENS, CRASHES, GINGHAMS, SHIRTINGS, TICKINGS, DENIMS, CANTON FLANNELS, &c., cheaper than you ever saw them in your life.

GREAT SPECIAL BARGAINS

In DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS, CLOAKS, W. PROOFS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS, CASSIMERES, JEANS, TABLE COVERS, NAPKINS, QUILTS, &c., at

Lowest New York Prices.

We Open This Week,

A magnificent assortment of Fancy Jewelry, Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Cuff Buttons, Cuff Pins &c., &c., very cheap.

THE NEW YORK STORE!

The popular resort for all kinds of Ruchings, Collars, Ties, Bows, Buttons, Fringes, Corsets, Silk Handkerchiefs, Ribbons, &c., at prices never before known in Decatur.

Consignments of Specialties Opening Daily

Bought for Cash down by our New York partner much under regular value

LAMBERT & CO.,

---Importers, Jobbers and Retailers of Dry Goods and Notions,--

18 MERCHANT ST., DECATUR, ILL.

New Brunswick, N. J. Bloomington, Illinois. Columbus, Ohio.

Headquarters, NEW YORK CITY.

All persons who, for Goods, the Cash pay!
I Beg you Read, then Call on Ashby!

Dear country friends, once more I come
Your interests to advance;
You know I've always stood by you
When e'er I had the chance.

And now, as Fall comes creeping on
And bleak winds round us pour,
I know you need a real good stove,
Your comfort to insure.

And in this line I'm better fixed
Than any one in town;
My patterns are so various—
My prices all *low down!*

Indeed I've anything you need
To make your home complete;
I've Bedsteads, Lounges and Settees—
My prices can't be beat.

So call at once in Opera Block,
If you have time to spare;
I want you all to see my stock
Before you go elsewhere.

Sept. 26-w3w

The Best Fifty Cent Corset is the *Boss*. Try it, at M. Goldburg's, 8 Merchant street. [Sep 17-d&wtf

TRUTHS.

Hop Bitters are the Purest and Best Bitters ever made.

They are compounded from Hops, Buchu, Mandrake and Dandelion—the oldest, best, and most valuable medicines in the world and contain all the best and most curative properties of all other Bitters, being the greatest Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restorer Agent on earth. No disease or ill health can possibly exist where these Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their restorations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm. To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Appetizer, Tonic and mild Stimulant, these Bitters are invaluable, being highly curative, tonic and stimulating, without intoxicating.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the disease or ailment is, use Hop Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable use the Bitters at once. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved by so doing. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

Do not suffer yourself or let your friends suffer, but use and urge them to use Hop Bitters.

Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunken nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made; the "Invalid's Friend and Hope," and no person or family should be without them. Try the Bitters to-day.

TRY HOP-COUGH CURE & PAIN RELIEF

For Sale by all Druggists.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss
Macon County,
In the Circuit Court to December Term. A. D. 1878.
Harvey Pasco vs. Rubama Pasco—*In Chancery.*

AFFIDAVIT of the non-residence in the State of Illinois of the above named defendant having been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Macon county, Illinois, notice is hereby given to the above named defendant, that the above named complainant has heretofore filed his bill of complaint in the said Circuit Court of Macon county, Illinois, on the Chancery side thereof, and that a summons has been issued thereon against you in said cause, returnable at the court house in the city of Decatur, Macon county, Illinois, on the first Monday in the month of December A. D. 1878, and that said cause is still pending in said court. Now, unless you, the said defendant, shall personally be and appear before the said Court on the first day of the next December term thereof to be held at the Court House in the city of Decatur in said county and State on the first Monday in the month of December next, A. D. 1878, and plead, answer or demur to the complainant's bill of complaint, the same and the matters therein stated will be taken for confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

Decatur, Ill., October 16, 1878.

E. McCLELLAN,
Oct17w4w Clerk of the Circuit Court.

A GOOD PLAN.

The most profitable plan for operating in stocks is that of uniting capital of various sums by combining or pooling the orders of thousands of customers and using them as one *mighty whole*, which has been done so successfully by Messrs. Lawrence & Co., Bankers, 67 Exchange Place, N. Y. City. By this co-operative system each investor is placed on an equal footing with the largest operator, and profits are divided *pro rata* among shareholders every 30 days. An investment of $10 would pay $90 making 5 per cent on the stock during the month. $25 would return $150, or 6 per cent $100 would make $1,000, or 10 per cent., and so on, according to the market. *Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper*, June 29th, says: "The Combination method of operating in stocks is the most successful ever adopted." *New York Independent*, Sept. 12th, says: "The Combination System is founded upon correct business principles and no person need be without an income while it is kept working by Messrs. Lawrence & Co." *Brooklyn Journal*, April 28th, says, "Our editor made a net profit of $107.25 on an investment of $30 in one of Messrs. Lawrence & Co.'s combinations. The firm's new circular (copyrighted and sent free) contains "Two unerring rules for success in stock operations," and explains everything. All kinds of Stock and Bonds wanted. New Government Loan supplied. Best references. Address *Lawrence & Co., Bankers and Brokers*, 67 Exchange Place, New York City."
Oct. 17-w4w

F. M. YOUNG. YOUNG BROTHERS, THE GROCERS! S. P. YOUNG.
CASH GROCERS!
Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Fruits, &c.—Complete Stock of Everything.
And Goods are bought in the East from *first hands*, which enables us to have them *fresh* and sell them *cheap*.
CALL AND SEE US, AT NEWELL & HAMMER'S OLD STAND,
NO. 11 WATER STREET,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
July 11 1878—wtf

Black Forest Oil Catarrh R
WARRANTED TO CURE IN ALL CASES
Where directions are followed. $1 bottles, two dollars and fifty cents in one and two dollar packages. Persons using our remedy should write us full particulars of their cases, and we will send them special directions. If your druggist has not our remedy, send one dollar for sample by mail. Address, J. H. Bowers & Co., General agents for the United States.
Sept. 5-w3m

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL
N. LAUX & BRO., Proprietors.
South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois
March 14, 1878—d&w

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

B. STINE,

—THE—

Boss Clothier,

Offers Extraordinary

BARGAINS

—IN

MEN'S,

YOUTH'S,

BOYS' AND

CHILDREN'S

CLOTHING.

All Wool Fine Cassimere Pants, - - - $3.50
Cassimere Suits, - 5.00
All Wool Cassimere Suits, 7.50

We wish to impress it upon the minds of our friends and patrons that we have a larger Stock of Clothing, a better class of Goods, superior in Fit, Trimmings and general Style, than houses who make it their business to manufacture their own, and guarantee

Our Prices to be Lower.

Yours Truly,

B. STINE,

The Boss Clothier.

Aug. 15-w11

THEO. A. GEHRMAN!

10 MERCHANT STREET.

Public Attention is Invited to the

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS!

—I AM NOW OFFERING IN

DRY GOODS!

NOTIONS, HOSIERY,

CLOAKS & MILLINERY

Every department is filled up with NEW GOODS, and prices are put down to the lowest market cash price.

Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere—it will repay you.

THEO. A. GEHRMANN.

October 15, 1878—d&w 2mos.

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER. SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Eminent Chemists and Physicians certify that these goods are free from adulteration, richer, more effective, produce better results than any others, and that they use them in their own families.

DR. PRICE'S UNIQUE PERFUMES are the Gems of all Odors.
TOOTHENE. An agreeable, healthful Liquid Dentifrice.
LEMON SUGAR. A substitute for Lemons.
EXTRACT JAMAICA GINGER. From the pure root.

STEELE & PRICE'S LUPULIN YEAST GEMS.
The Best Dry Hop Yeast in the World.

STEELE & PRICE, Manfrs., Chicago, St. Louis & Cincinnati.

Our Grand

Unexcelled in Economy of Fuel.
Unsurpassed in Construction.
Unparalleled in Durability,
Undisputed in the BROAD CLAIM of being the
VERY BEST OPERATING,
AND MOST
PERFECT COOKING STOVE
EVER OFFERED FOR THE PRICE.

CHARTER OAK STOVE

The BEST of All

MADE ONLY BY
EXCELSIOR MANUF'G CO.
612, 614, 616 & 618 N. MAIN STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO

Sold in Decatur by CLOSE & GRISWOLD.

The Wife of Henry Clay.

Mr. George W. Ranck, has contributed to the Lexington (Ky.) *Transcript* an article, in which he says: "What Ashland would have been but for Mrs. Clay the good Lord only knows, for her husband was at the capital of the nation more than half his time. She attended to everything, including five sons, who, according to their old teacher, Amos Kendall, were not the meekest of the lambs that gamboled at Ashland. She managed the farm, with its crops and live stock, her household affairs, a large family of children, and not a few negro servants, so well as to assist largely in keeping up Mr. Clay's fortune, which was constantly subjected to heavy drains. She often pulled the finest of her vegetables with her own hands, and sent them, with butter, milk and fruit, regularly to the market to be sold. She often said, 'My children laugh at me for selling things, but they never object to the money I get for them.' Her treatment of her slaves will be judged from her custom of rewarding them at the end of the week in proportion to their industry and good conduct. Saturday evening at Ashland, with the 'darkies,' was synonymous with Mrs. Clay's business-table covered with little piles of silver money. The wife of the great commoner' cared nothing for general and fashionable society, and it was fortunate, under the circumstances, that she did not."

Well-Toned Systems.

Systems toned and renovated with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are most effectually defended from disease. That supreme invigorant soon overcomes that distressing feebleness consequent upon ailments which impoverish the blood and relax the muscles. Vigor, appetite, sleep return the wasted frame, and every physical faculty gains greater activity through its benign influence. Nor is this all, for the Bitters have a most genial and cheering effect upon the mind of the despondent invalid, which is the natural effect of the increased bodily vitality which they produce. Nervous symptoms disappear in consequence of the use of this medicine, and the evil consequences sure to result from a premature decay, of the physical energies are averted. Dyspepsia, liver complaints, rheumatic ailments, urinary and uterine irregularities, malarial diseases, and many other disordered conditions of the system, are remedied by the Bitters. o21d wlw

One of the District Judges whom the Greenbackers have just elected in Iowa is likely to be a brilliant ornament to the bench. He is said to have begun a Fourth of July speech a few years ago in this way: "Feller citizens, 1,875 years ago, when our forefathers landed on Plymouth Rock—." Here somebody pulled his coat tail and whispered:—"Bill, it was only in 1620;" but he retorted, "I know what I am talking about;" and beginning over again with fresh vigor, "Eighteen hundred and seventy-five years ago, *thar or tharabouts*, when our forefathers landed on Plymouth Rock," he sailed on in triumph. In a case before the Supreme Court, he began as follows: "Yer Honor, this ere case Jedge Maxwell made a decision on't—but that was a plaster that didn't kiver our sore." The Judge seems to be a case which completely "kivers" the Greenback sore.

TO PREVENT AND CURE COUGHS AND COLDS

A reliable remedy is necessary in every household. Parker's Ginger Tonic is just the medicine needed. It radically cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, and even Consumption, if used in time by its powerful specific action on the Stomach, Kidneys, Skin, Liver, and mucous surfaces of the Throat and Lungs, and other organs. It is a powerful invigorant, and affords just the help that the aged, the feeble, and the convalescent require, because it ensures perfect digestion and enjoyment of the food, enriches the blood, and arouses the dormant energies of the debilitated organs. It cures dyspepsia with its varied symptoms of Headache, Wakefulness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Palpitation of the Heart, etc., and while it never intoxicates nor creates any desire for stimulants, it diffuses warmth and vigor through the system, renews the appetite, soothes the nerves, banishes melancholy, and gives strength and elasticity to the worn out frame. Buy a $1.00 bottle from your druggist, W. C. Armstrong, corner of East Main and old square, or a sample bottle at 15 cts., and test its extraordinary merits.

THE TIDY HOUSEWIFE.

The careful tidy housewife, when she is giving her house its spring cleaning, should bear in mind that the dear inmates of her house are more precious than houses, and that their systems need cleansing by purifying the blood, regulating the stomach and bowels to prevent and cure the diseases arising from spring malaria and miasma, and she should know that there is nothing that will do it so perfectly and surely as Hop Bitters, the surest and best of all medicines. See other columns.

"FEVER AND AGUE CURED FOR 50 CENTS."—DR. SWAYNE'S FEVER AND AGUE PILLS, without calomel or quinine), a quick and sure cure in every case for ague and fever, intermittent and remittent fevers, and all diseases having their origin in malaria. Notwithstanding these Pills are sold for one-half the price that other ague cures are sold for, yet we will warrant them as effectual in all cases as any pills or mixture, let the price or compound be what they may; and being entirely free from all minerals, their use leaves no bad effects, as is the case with many other remedies. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, 50 cts. a box, three boxes $1.25, six boxes $2.50. Address letters Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North 6th St., Philadelphia. "Swayne's Medicines" have a world-wide reputation.
April 20, 1878-dood-w1y.

W. W. Sendder, at 30 Merchant street, has just received a general line of those celebrated French Crystal Spectacles.
Oct. 18d&wdm

IN MEMORIAM.

Col. John H. Nale died at Greenwood, three miles southeast of Memphis, Tenn., at noon on the 19th of September, 1878, aged 40 years. Born in Ohio, he removed to Decatur, Ill., where his youth and early manhood were spent, there are many there who remember well the bright and happy young man of twenty years ago, the idol of his family and friends, and the favorite of all. A soldier, and patriot by instinct, when the Union was threatened in 1861, he immediately raised a company of volunteers in Decatur, Ill., and became connected with the 41st Illinois Infantry Volunteers, and throughout the four long, bloody years that followed, the old members of that immortal band and the members of the 14th Illinois, as well as the members of the brigade with which they were from time to time connected, will testify to the fact that John H. Nale bore himself like a hero.—Wherever the battle raged the fiercest he was found, leading his men and sharing with them their dangers and privations. Repeatedly promoted for gallantry and meritorious conduct upon the field, after having commanded his regiment at Fort Donaldson and Shiloh, he finally took part with the 41st in the seige of Vicksburg; and, as an incident to that struggle, led the world renowned charge at Champion Hills, where the Union troops went "into the valley of death" and not an officer escaped unhurt, while every field officer lost his life except Colonel Nale, who was himself wounded. After the termination of the three years of service of the 41st Col. Nale became connected with the 143d Illinois, with which he remained until the close of the war. He took part in the famous Red River campaign, under command of the old war horse, A. J. Smith; and upon one occasion, by his masterly management of his men, saved the army from destruction. The writer of this has been told by those who were present that the old General, on that occasion, with tears in his eyes, complimented him and his men for their gallant achievement.

Near the close of the war Col. Nale married Miss Mary L. Collins, daughter of Rev. Charles Collins, D. D., president of the State Female College of Memphis. At the close of the war he was tendered a commission in the regular army, but being prevailed upon by friends he settled in private life at his old home. Shortly after this he removed to Memphis, where he remained until his death. In a community, surrounded by many whom he had fought so bravely, he, nevertheless, grew upon the writer of this heartfelt tribute and all others, to such an extent that we had learned to love him tenderly for his many excellencies of head and heart, and when he died he had so won upon us that he had become a necessity to the community. When the fearful scourge came upon us it found John Nale, as ever, at his post of duty and ready to do and die for those around him. On the 17th he was stricken.—About an hour before he died he called his devoted wife to his side, and taking her by the hand, said: "Mary, I will soon see my dear mother, and in a few minutes will clasp hands with your father in heaven."

Thus died John Henry Nale. A nobler, braver, better heart never beat in the breast of man. "We ne'er shall see his like again." In him Decatur has lost a son who, throughout his life, honored the home of his childhood, while we at Memphis have lost a citizen and associate, whose place in our hearts and lives cannot easily be filled. Peace be to his ashes until we meet together in the resurrection morn.

A Friend.

Memphis, Oct. 10, 1878.

A Shameful Spectacle. — Mr. Bates, Democratic candidate for Treasurer of Illinois, is on the stump, chiefly engaged in apologizing for the part he took in suppressing the riots of 1877. When asked by those who were then rioters why he took up arms against them, he says, in substance, that it was because he couldn't help it—he was in the government service, and he had to do as he was ordered. This, in our judgment, is about the shabbiest spectacle presented in the campaign—that of a man who held a high military trust apologizing to roughs and outlaws for having intercepted them in their lawless career. If the example of Mr. Bates is widely followed, universal suffrage will soon blossom into universal anarchy. Our criminal Judges will soon be apologizing to the thieves and cut-throats whom, at different times, they have been obliged to send to the Penitentiary.—*St. Louis Democrat.*

Jule Beall says that Harper offered to retire from the candidacy of the National Greenback party if Malden Jones would give him forty dollars a week and his expenses during the campaign. Jule says that Harper gets $25 per week now, and adds, "We have some five or six hundred democrats in this township, and find trouble to raise money to pay for the hall once or twice, to say nothing of paying a regular salary to our candidates. How the Nationals can do it, and hire halls besides, is one of the problems of the campaign." Perhaps Ben Leitch can answer.—*Mattoon Gazette.*

REASON TO REJOICE

Surrounded as we are by adulterators of food, it ought to produce at least a refreshing sensation to be told of a real, genuine article. Such a gratification may be had by using a box of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder; the biscuits and articles made of it are really elegant.

CATARRH

Catarrh of the Nasal Cavities, Acute, Chronic, and Ulcerative, Hay Fever, or Rose Catarrh, Catarrh of the Eye and Ear, and Catarrh of the Throat,

SUCCESSFULLY TREATED WITH

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

Catarrh is a disease of the mucous membrane. Temperaments and constitutions vary its severity in individual cases. Catarrh may arise from a cold or a succession of colds, from sudden change of atmosphere, wearing wet clothing, or exposure to inclement weather, and becoming thoroughly chilled, when the digestive organs are in a morbid or inactive condition, and the strength and vital forces exhausted. The disease may arise from a scrofulous condition of the blood, from Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Diphtheria, in which cases the eye and ear are generally involved and discharge quantities of matter. The discharges from the nose, the distinctive feature in all catarrhal cases from whatever cause they arise, may be thin and watery, and so acid as to cause redness and excoriation of the skin with which they come in contact, or thick and yellowish, emitting a foul odor, or clear and white like the white of an egg. There may be an entire lack of secretion, the surfaces being dry and feverish, the face, front and upper part of the head feeling uncomfortable, and as if it was encircled by a tight, unyielding band. This latter phase is called Dry Catarrh. The free mattery discharges cause the passages to swell and become thickened, rendering breathing through the nose difficult or impossible, and the sufferer finds it necessary to breathe through the mouth thereby permitting cold air to pass directly to the bronchial tubes and lungs. The matter passing down the throat creates a constant desire to hawk and expectorate to throw it off; but when the membrane is dry and feverish, instead of passing freely down from the nose and throat, the mucus becomes hard and forms into scabs, incrustations, and hard lumps, which adhere so firmly to the nasal passages and throat as to require very persistent efforts to dislodge them. The eye in sympathy becomes inflamed, red, weak, and watery, or in the morning the lids may be found glued together, and matter is secreted in more or less quantity. The ear also becomes seriously affected by discharging quantities of matter, besides being assailed by the most violent neuralgic pains, caused frequently by inflammation, ulceration, and deafness. The throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs are in many cases affected by catarrh, and with prostration of the nervous system thus superadded, such affections become alarming.

A brief survey of this most serious disease warns all who are afflicted with it to make speedy preparation for its treatment before it becomes chronic. The advantages offered by Sanford's Radical Cure we confidently believe are to be found in no other remedy. Every step in its preparation, every line in the directions, mark it as a scientific remedy, calculated to meet every phase of the disease. The numerous testimonials from the best people in the United States attest the extreme in which it is held by those who have been freed from the most destructive and dangerous disease with which mankind is to-day afflicted.

JUST PUBLISHED.

A carefully revised Treatise on Catarrh, with an accurate description of symptoms and sympathetic diseases, together with minute directions for effecting with Sanford's Radical Cure a speedy and permanent cure. Also observations on diet and the general health, of vast importance to all afflicted with catarrh. It is wrapped about each bottle of the Radical Cure, or will be mailed free on receipt of stamp.

Each package of Sanford's Radical Cure contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price, $1. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists throughout the United States and Canada. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS'

VOLTAIC PLASTER

Cures Pains and Aches.

It equalizes the Circulation.
It subdues Inflammatory Action.
It cures Sprains and Strains.
It removes Pain and Soreness.
It cures Kidney Complaint.
It strengthens the Muscles.
It cures Rheumatism and Neuralgia.
It relaxes stiffened Cords.
It cures Nervous Shocks.
It is invaluable in Paralysis.
It cures Inflammation of the Liver.
It removes Nervous Pains.
It cures Spinal Weakness.
It is grateful and soothing.
It cures Epilepsy or Fits.
It is safe, Reliable, and Economical.
It is prescribed by Physicians.
It is indorsed by Electricians.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

Be careful to obtain COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER, a combination of Electric or Voltaic Plates with a highly Medicated Plaster, as seen in the above cut. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

Two of the

BEST STOVES!

for Hard Coal ever made are—

TITANIA--3 sizes
ROSALIA--3 sizes

The best working and best heating Soft Coal Stove made is the

ARCALIA--3 sizes

In addition to the above, a large assortment of other

HEATING STOVES!

for coal and wood, all First-Class, and all at PRICES LOWER than at any previous year, at

R. LIDDLE'S,
1 & 2 Court House Block

Housefurnishing Goods in great Variety, China, Queensware, Glass Goods, Lamps, Flower Pots and Brackets, the Best White Coal Oil, Family Favorite Fluid, and hundreds of other articles that are needed in the family are to be had at

R. LIDDLE'S,
1 & 2 Court House Block

All at prices to suit you, or don't buy.

Oct. 1 d&wtf

THIS NEW ELASTIC TRUSS

Has a Pad differing from all others, is cup-shape, with Self-Adjusting Ball in center, adapts itself to all positions of the body, while the ball in the cup PRESSES BACK THE INTESTINES THAT A RUPTURE WILL NOT, with light pressure. It retains in all security day and night, and a radical cure results. It is cool, durable and cheap. Sent by mail. Circulars free.

Eggleston Truss Co., Chicago, Ill.

Oct. 24 -w2mo

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of NANCY TIMMONS, deceased.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of NANCY TIMMONS, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement at a regular term of the county court of Macon county, to be holden at the court house, in the city of Decatur, on the third Monday of December, A. D. 1878, being the first day of said term.

Decatur, Ill., Oct. 19, A. D. 1878.

RACHAEL J. ELLIS, Executrix.

O 1.24 w3w

PIANOS Retail Price $1000 only $275. Pianos for Organs, price $400 only $95. Paper free. DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

25 FANCY CARDS with name, 10c., plain or gold, 150 styles. Agent's Outfit, 10 cents. HULL & Co., Hudson, N. Y.

20 CHROMO CARDS, (perfect beauties), with name, 10c. Outfit, 10c. TURNER CARD Co., Ashland, Mass.

Ear Diseases.

Dr. C. E. Shoemaker's Book on Deafness and Diseases of the Ear and their proper treatment—especially running ear. How to get immediate relief from all the unpleasantness of this disease, and a perfectly harmless and permanent cure. A book every family should have. Sent free to all. Address Dr. C. E. SHOEMAKER, Aural Surgeon, Reading, Pa.

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Me.

The Antidote to Alcohol Found at Last.
The Father Mathew Remedy

Is a certain and speedy cure for intemperance. It destroys all appetite for alcoholic liquors and builds up the nervous system. After a debauch, or any intemperate indulgence, a single teaspoonful will remove all mental and physical depression. It also cures every kind of Fever, Dyspepsia and Torpidity of the Liver. Sold by all druggists. Price $1.00 per bottle. Pamphlet on "Alcohol, its Effects, and Intemperance as a disease," sent free on writing to the Father Mathew Temperance & Manufacturing Co., 98 Bond St., New York

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!

Awarded Jackson's [illegible] at Universal Exposition for [illegible] and for any other [illegible] of excellence and purity. The best tobacco ever made. As an [illegible] strip is a mark closely imitated [illegible] Jackson's [illegible] Send 25 cents for sample, [illegible] Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

Don't say humbug, but judge for yourself. Send for free lithograph of 5-Ton $50 Freight-Paid Sold on Trial Wagon Scale, all Iron and Steel, Brass Beam. Address Jones of Binghamton, Binghamton, New York.

LAME BACK

Benson's Capsicum Porous Plaster is for lameness or weakness of the back, Rheumatism and all local aches and pains, the best remedy known. It was invented to overcome the slow action of the ordinary Porous Plasters. It relieves pain at once, and cures where other plasters will not even relieve. Sold everywhere by Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

AGENTS WANTED for Dr. Marsh's New Book! DARK TO DAWN FROM

In this new volume the Popular Author of Night Scenes in the Bible portrays with vivid and thrilling force and eloquence the events of Sacred Truth, and adds fresh testimony to the beauty, pathos and sublimity of the Stories of the Bible. Agents will find this Book with its sparkling thoughts, glowing style, beautiful Engravings, and rich bindings, the best in the market. Terms Liberal. Circulars Free. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Chicago, Ill

NOW READY! The Grand Achievements of

STANLEY AND OTHERS. ONLY $2.75.

By Henry T. Headley, the Prince of descriptive authors. A full history of his explorations in Africa and marvelous journeys down the Congo. A new exciting book. Bristling with wild adventures and thrilling scenes of danger. Is profusely illustrated. The public eagerly await it. It is selling wonderfully.

CAUTION Beware of misstatements of interested parties, but send for proof of genuineness and full description of this work, also terms.

Hubbard Bros., Pubs., 50 LaSalle St., Chicago. AGENTS WANTED

Graefenberg Vegetable

PILLS

Have been acknowledged for over Thirty Years to be a certain cure for HEADACHE, LIVER COMPLAINTS, DISEASES OF DIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, AND FEVERS OF ALL KINDS. These PILLS act with great mildness, and will restore health to those suffering from GENERAL DEBILITY and NERVOUSNESS. Price 25c. per Box. Send for Almanac.

Graefenberg Co. 56 Reade St. N.Y.

PARIS, 1878
SWEDEN, 1876.
PHILDA, 1876.
SANTIAGO, '75.
VIENNA, 1873.
PARIS, 1867.

AT EVERY WORLD'S EXPOSITI'N FOR 12 YEARS HIGHEST HONORS Have been awarded the

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

At the Paris Exposition this year they are awarded the GOLD MEDAL, the highest recompense at the disposal of the jury. They have also received the GRAND GOLD MEDAL OF SWEDEN and NORWAY, 1878. No other American Organs have ever attained highest award at any World's Exposition. Sold for cash or payments by instalments. Latest Catalogues, with newest styles, prices, &c., free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., BOSTON, NEW YORK, or CHICAGO.

ATWOOD'S QUININE TONIC BITTERS.

The Best Tonic Bitters Ever Invented.

Want of appetite is not in itself a disease, but simply an evidence that disease exists in the system, which must be cured before the patient can expect to relish what is eaten, or receive any benefit from the food taken into the stomach. The Quinine Tonic Bitters will restore the natural appetite by curing the disease, not simply exciting the stomach by stimulants, the secondary effect of which is only to add to the cause from which a distaste for food arose, but making a perfect cure.

Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache.—These diseases are more prevalent than any others; they prevail everywhere, and in this country are all but universal. A medicine that can be relied upon as a permanent cure for them, is the Quinine Tonic Bitters. They can be taken without any deleterious effect upon the system, and will leave the patient with all the exhilarant feelings of restored health. The Quinine Tonic Bitters have been remarkably successful in restoring the distressed and desponding dyspeptic to perfect health.

They keep the healthy well, and cure the sick. Scores have used them that could not praise them enough. They will improve the appetite, facilitate digestion, give healthy action to the system, and cause the digest to assume the rich nourishing qualities of strength. There is no [illegible] dyspepsia [illegible] They are the most economical [illegible] machine ever made.

For Ladies in delicate health, persons of sedentary habits, or in all cases where a strength-giving stimulant is required, the Bitters will be found invaluable.

The proprietor [illegible] confidence in their virtues.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

For sale by all the Wholesale Druggists in Chicago, and Merchants generally.

Oct. 10—v4w

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

J. PERL

[SUCCESSOR TO LAUX BROS.]

UNDERTAKER!

AND DEALER IN

COFFINS

Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

His stock is complete in every particular

Hearse Furnished to Order.

All Calls Promptly Attended to.

COUNTRY FUNERALS

Will Receive Special Attention.

SOUTH MAIN STREET,

2 Doors South St. Nicholas Hotel,

June 6, w'78-m6 DECATUR, ILL.

THE OLD RELIABLE

FORT WAYNE AND PENNSYLVANIA R.R. LINE.

CONTINUOUS ALL-RAIL ROUTE!
NO CHANGE OF CARS!
ONE ROAD, ONE MANAGEMENT!

From CHICAGO to
PITTSBURGH, HARRISBURG,
BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON,
PHILADELPHIA & NEW YORK.

Great Short Line!

TO BOSTON

VIA NEW YORK CITY.

Reaches all Points in Philadelphia and New Jersey.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS

ON ALL EXPRESS TRAINS!

MAGNIFICENT CARS

Equipped with the Celebrated

WESTINGHOUSE AIR BRAKES

AND

JANNEY'S NEW PATENT SAFETY PLATFORM AND COUPLER.

ELEGANT EATING HOUSES

WITH AMPLE TIME FOR MEALS.

3 EXPRESS TRAINS

LEAVE CHICAGO AS FOLLOWS:

8.00 A. M. Special Fast Express, Except Sunday.

With the Popular Vestibule Sleeping Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 2:30 A. M.; Harrisburg, 11:15 A. M.; Philadelphia, 4.00 P. M.; New York, 6:45 P. M.; Boston, 6:15 A. M.; Baltimore, 8:30 P. M.; Washington, 9.00 P. M., next day.

5:15 P. M. ATLANTIC EXPRESS, DAILY.

With Drawing-Room and Hotel Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 12:10 P. M.; Harrisburg, 10.55 P. M.; Philadelphia, 1:55 A. M.; New York, 6 45 A. M.; Special Philadelphia Sleeping Car on this train, which remains in depot until 7 30 A. M., affording Philadelphia passengers a full night's rest.

9.10 P. M. NIGHT EXP., EXCEPT SATURDAY.

With Drawing-Room Sleeping Car, reaches Pittsburgh, 7:30 P. M.; Harrisburg 3.50 A. M.; Baltimore, 7:45 A. M.; Washington 9:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 8:00 A. M.; New York, 10:35 P. M.; Boston, 8:00 P. M. Through Baltimore and Washington Sleeping Car on this train.

Fare always as Low as any Other Line.

☞ Through Tickets for Sale at all principal points in the West. Ask for them via the FT WAYNE & PENNSYLVANIA LINE.

F. R. MYERS,

Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agt., CHICAGO.

Feb. 21, 1878—w1y

FOR SALE OR RENT

FOR A TERM OF YEARS,

The farm, consisting of

110 ACRES!

formerly the property and homestead of Capt. M. Ewing. Also

SIX HEAD OF HORSES, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS, &c., &c.

☞ For information either inquire at the office of Judge Nelson, or address

CHARLES HATRY,

Chester, Ill., care Southern Ill. Penitentiary.

July 26, 1878.—d&wtf

New Merchant Tailoring

ESTABLISHMENT

J. FOLEY,

THE TAILOR!

Formerly of Champaign, has opened a First Class Merchant Tailoring Establishment,

On East Main street, 1st door east of Martin's Restaurant.

He has just received a fresh lot of PIECE GOODS, the best the market affords—which he is prepared to make up in first-class style at prices to defy competition. Perfect fits guaranteed. Give him a call.

Sept. 17 d&w1mos

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL!

N. LAUX & BRO., Proprietors.

South side of the Old Square, Decatur, Illinois

March 14, 1878—d&w tf

ST. NICHOLAS

LIVERY, FEED

AND SALE STABLE.

FIFST CLASS OUTFITS.

Jul'77-wtf N. LAUX & BRO

DO NOT MORTGAGE YOUR FARM

Until you have called upon us and learned the advantages we can offer you over other parties.

INTEREST AT 9 PER CENT

And on time to suit. Interest and Principal payable at our BANKING HOUSE.

Peddecord & Burrows,

BANKERS,

Deatur, Illinois.

Apr27'76-w1f

GUNS! GUNS!

We have just received a Large Invoice of

Guns, Revolvers

AND

Sportsmen's Goods,

FOR THE FALL TRADE,

And now have the

LARGEST and BEST STOCK

Of the kind in Central Illinois.

We are prepared to Duplicate any Goods in our line at Eastern prices.

H. MUELLER & CO.

Aug. 6, 1878 d&w6mo

CENTRAL

MARBLE WORKS

Young & Pasold,

(Successors to W. M. Barr II,)

DEALERS IN

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN

MARBLE!

—AND—

SCOTCH GRANITE MONUMENTS,

TOMB-STONES, IRON RAILING with LIME-STONE, and IRON or MARBLE POSTS.

We also are prepared to furnish all kinds of

BUILDING STONE!

Such as WATER TABLE, WINDOW CAPS and SILLS, FLAGGING three inches thick and upwards, RUBBLE STONE for basement purposes, cemetery curbing and coping.

OFFICE AND YARD:

Cor. East Main and Franklin Sts

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Aug. 13, 1878 d&w1y

LADIES

Wishing to purchase

SPRING HATS

—AND—

BONNETS,

Are cordially invited call at

No. 8 Water Street,

AND INSPECT

Mrs. D. S. Wilkinson's

Choice and Elegant Patterns.

Decatur, April 26, 1878 d&wtf

E. S. AUNGST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS

And Dealers in all kinds of

COFFINS,

Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets.

Southwest Corner Old Square,

DECATUR, ILLS.

Residence, No. 18 West William street.

June 4-d&wtf

Wit and Humor.

You can always tell a gentleman by where he spits.

A mule will behave himself eleven years and six months just to get one off-hand shot at a middle shirt-stud.

Patience and gentleness are potent and powerful, but they cannot turn a mill-wheel nor break up a setting hen.

When a young man asked an old joker the other day which was the safest business, he advised him to be a miser.

The man who comes with a "bran new one," and stops you from your work to tell a joke that you heard forty years ago, is still among the boss nuisances.

Talk about importance and self-assertion, did you ever see a young man come out in a plug hat for the first time, or a girl with a beau that came from Chicago?

A Washington lady gave birth to five children, the other day, and husband planted a paregoric patch at once, and went up to the furniture store and left an order for a crate of cradles.

Some scientist has put a flea under a microscope and describes exactly how it looks. When we get a flea we put him under our thumb nail, and he looks as flat as a wafer when we get through with him.

An Illinois firm has put up a ton of currant jelly this season. If this thing goes on we will have to build boys with fingers a mile long and mouths forty yards wide, to keep the demand apace with the production.

Train up a child in the way that he shall go, and it may turn out that way in the long run, but all the precept and example you can promulgated can't save him from the sheepish, awkward feeling sure to seize him when he goes sparking the first time.

It takes a microscope of high power to make visible the toe-nails of a mosquito, but every individual scratcher can be distinctly felt and believed in without any help from science whatever, as the romping, hilarious little screamder gallops over the cheek.

A bald head is said to be an evidence of early piety, but it requires a great deal of that or some other sort of piety to keep a bald-headed man in a good humor when a blue-bottle fly persists in dancing a horn-pipe on the place where the hair ought to grow.

THE fact that a United States Senator is to be elected by the Illinois Legislature next winter should not be forgotten in connection with the present campaign. The Senators and Representatives to be chosen to the Legislature, at the coming election, will have this important duty to perform. The question for thoughtful men, especially Republicans, to consider is, whether the seat now occupied by Senator Oglesby, an honest man and a patriot, shall be filled by a copperhead Democrat, a lunatic Nationalist, or a trustworthy Republican. No patriotic man who comprehends the general political situation will cast his ballot for a Senator or a Representative in the Legislature who would help to elect a Democratic demagogue like W. C. Goudy or a Greenback demagogue like General E. N. Bates to the National Senate.—*Chicago Journal.*

JESSE HARPER will, doubtless, tell you that his fiat money is to be bottomed on the vast resources of this nation; but it will occur to every thinking person, that the resources of the country are unavailable, if the government is not pledged for the redemption of the notes: and further, that the pledge is of no account if the resources of the country are not taxed to provide the means for this redemption.—*Charleston Plaindealer.*

Wall-Paper! Wall-Paper!!

Five thousand rolls just received direct from the manufacturers, elegant designs, and the very latest styles, at the *very lowest prices.* Call and see them before purchasing elsewhere, it will pay you.—We will take pleasure in showing you, even though you do not purchase.—Remember the place, next door west of Postoffice, at J. S. HAND & Co.'s Book and Music Store.

Also Window Shades and Fixtures, a full assortment. [mar7wtf

IT will be to your advantage to call and see HENRY SHEPHERD, before arranging with others to cut your pattern, or make your suits to *suit.* wtf

DAVIS NURSERIES.

150,000 Apple trees, all sizes; 200,000 Hedge Plants, large size; 50,000 Maples and Evergreens, fine, 10,000 Concord Grapes, strong; 25,000 Peach, Cherry, Pear, small fruits and ornamental shrubs. Prices and catalogues free. ORDER NOW. Can deliver in proper season in Decatur, same day they are dug—"an item."

H. W. DAVIS,
Box 141, Decatur, Ill.

N. B.—High bred fowls and eggs for sale. feb9'1877wcowtf.

When You Buy Homeopathic Medicines be sure you get the regular preparations, such as physicians use. A full line of these on hand from Luyties Homeopathic Pharmacy, St. Louis, Mo. For sale by Hubbard & Swearingen, Decatur, Ills. apr26-w1y.

Sewing Machine Needles, of all kinds at J. S. HAND & Co.'s, Next door to Post Office.

June 9 wtf.

MIND what you run after. Never be contented with a bubble that will burst, nor with a fire-work that will end in smoke and darkness. Get that which is worth keeping, and that you can keep.

Ladies' Cloaks—cheap—at Goldburg's.

THE CONSPIRACY IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

Since Mr. Tilden, in the very act of denying any personal knowledge of the infamous conspiracy to bribe Presidential Electors, admits, by unmistakable implication, that such attempts were made as the deciphered dispatches disclose, the South Carolina exposure has an emphasized importance. In that state a professional lobbyist from New York, Smith Weed, was the sole agent of Gramercy Park. The first telegram bears date November 13, the same day that the South Carolina Canvassing Board perfected its organization at Columbia. It was sent from there by Weed. "If," says Weed, "a few dollars can be placed in Returning Board to insure, what say you?" Before he received a reply, he telegraphed more specifically, "If the Returning Board can be procured absolutely, will you deposit $30,000?" The next day came a dispatch saying, "Expenses will be met." Encouraged by this assurance, he asked if he could, if necessary, increase the amount to $50,000. Thereupon "Denmark" Pelton (clearly, there is something rotten in Denmark) replied immediately, "You can fifty, if necessary," adding, among other things, "Perhaps the use of future prospects for some part." Two days later "Denmark" suggested, "Try and make one portion payable after the votes are cast, and another portion after the final result." The same day Weed telegraphed, "It looks now as if the thing would work at $75,000 for all seven votes. Have safe man to bring stuff on receiving telegram in morning. Think now I will meet him with party in Baltimore." Two days later, November 18 he sent a telegram which reveals the whole diabolical plot. It reads entire as follows:

"Majority of board have been secured. The cost is $80,000, to be sent as follows: One parcel of $65,000, one of $10,000, and one of $5,000, all to be $500 or $1,000 bill notes, to be deposited as the parties accept, and given up upon vote of land of Hampton (i. e., state of South Carolina) being given to Tilden's friends. The three packs should be sent without inscription, and tonight, unless you receive a telegram from me countermanding. Shall try to secure everything by the plan of deposit. The friends of Hampton and (Bavaria) are here in force, and I fear their money and careful watching and intimidation of the board. For God's sake let it go if you can. Be safe in Florida or South Carolina. Do this at once and have cash ready to reach Baltimore Sunday night. Telegraph decidedly whether it will be done."

No doubt the "decidedly" telegram was duly received, although not found, for it is known that two days later Weed turned up in Baltimore as he had proposed to do; but affairs had taken in the meantime a new turn, and the board was obliged to take definite action before the "stuff" was received. The scheme fell through, but the evidence of corruption on the part of Weed, Tilden & Co. is none the less complete and damning.—*Chicago Journal.*

No Failure Known.

There is no case on record where Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Horehound has failed to give satisfaction. On the other hand, wherever it has been used by our people, in severe colds, coughs, asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough and consumption, they are enthusiastic in its praise. Containing no opium or other dangerous drug, it does not constipate, and is safe to administer in all conditions of health. This is an important announcement, and the suffering are advised to heed it. Trial size, 10 cents; large sizes, 50 cts. and One Dollar. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, druggist, Decatur, Ill.

Also agents for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which is sure death to worms, pleasant to take, and requires no physic. Price 25 cents. Try it.

Sept. 1-d&w1m

Hard Times Played Out.—Call in and see E. B. PRATT, and you will be sure to buy and get your money's worth. Coffee, six pounds for one dollar; 30 bars of soap for one dollar. 37 North Church street.

Aug. 27—d&w3mos

New Styles just received in ladies' misses' and children's Shoes, at

Sept. 21—d&wtf BARBER & BAKER'S.

Good Investment when you invest in a pair of Boots or Shoes at

Sept. 21—d&wtf BARBER & BAKER'S.

J. L. Knepper, the Jeweler, at 24 Merchant street, is closing out his entire stock at first cost, in order to retire from business. [Aug. 5-d&wtf

Go and see for yourself, then you will be satisfied that you can save money by buying your winter Boots and Shoes of Barber & Baker. Sept 21-d&wtf

None Such—All the latest charming, unique and attractive styles of Ladies' Slippers, at Ferris's. [Oct 1-d&wtf

The Best Fifty Cent Corset is the *Bow.* Try it, at M. Goldburg's, 8 Merchant street. [Sep 17-d&wtf

The Best White Shirts in the city at one dollar, at Linn & Scruggs'.

Jan. 23-d& wtf

New Dress Goods! New Cloaks! Skirts and all other seasonable articles, just received, in full assortment, by

Sept. 21-d&wtf LINN & SCRUGGS.

Rustic Chairs and Seats, all colors, at Ashby's, for garden or porch. They make a splendid seat for the cemetery, as the rain does not hurt them; it drains off from every part. [June 11-d&wtf

L. L. FERRISS

DOWN COME

THE PRICES OF

BURT'S

BOOTS

AND

SHOES.

Don't think of buying anything else, as the prices of BURT'S are now so Low that all can afford to wear them.

L. L. Ferriss,

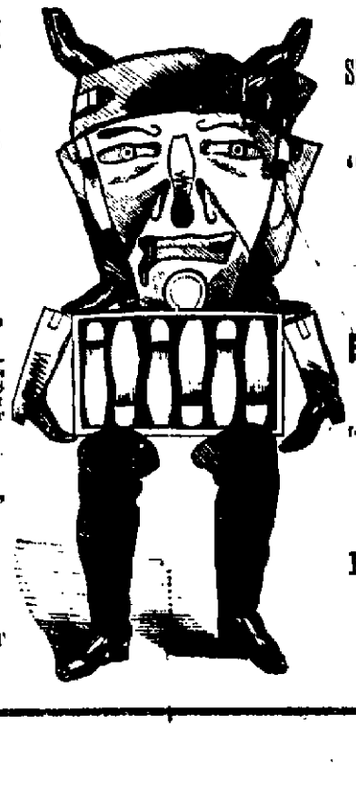
Exclusive Agent

NO. 18

EAST MAIN STREET

DECATUR, ILL.

Dec. 18, 1877 dtf



OUR STOCK OF

SEASONABLE GOODS

Now Complete.

"HARD-PAN"

PRICES.

They all go to

FERRISS'S

SHOE STORE

for entire satisfaction in boot-gear.

L. L. FERRISS,

BOOT

AND

SHOEIST,

Decatur, Illinois

VERY ATTRACTIVE!

NEW FALL AND WINTER

GOODS!

NOW IN STORE

—AND—

DAILY RECEIVED,

—AT—

LINN & SCRUGGS

HARDWARE

—AND—

STOVES.

"CHARTER OAK" COOK STOVES.

FOR COAL AND WOOD,

Made from the BEST IRON, BEST PATTERNS, WARRANTED TO LAST LONGER and at prices as low as any other manufactory, at

CLOSE & GRISWOLD'S.

A Choice Stock Building Hardware

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

NAILS, $2.75 PER KEG, CASH.

White Lead, Oils, Chemical Paint, Building Paper, Granite Ware, Tin and Japanned Ware, Clothes Wringers, Barb Fence Wire, Forks, Hoes, Rakes, Spades, Shovels and

MANTLES AND GRATES,

—AT—

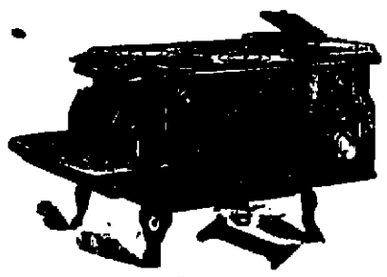
CLOSE & GRISWOLD'S.

Decatur, Ill. Jan. 10, 1878 w1f

JOHN H. EBERT & BRO.,

—DEALERS IN—

STOVES,



Tin and Hardware

—AND—

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

We are offering First-Class Cooking Stoves at very low figures.

We also pay special attention to JOB WORK of all kinds, such as Tin and Sheet Iron Roofing, and Spouting of every description. We also make a Specialty of

☞ **GAS FITTING,** ☜

And Repairing of the same.

☞ Call and see us at our place of business,

Opera Block, Water St., Decatur, Ill.

Decatur, June 13, 1878—w1y **JOHN EBERT & BRO.**

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XII. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, OCT. 24, 1878. NO. 13

NELLIE.

[illegible] BY M. V. M.

[illegible] flowers were dying,
[illegible] were flying,
[illegible] sighing,
[illegible] forever gone!
[illegible] missed her,
[illegible] last we loved her,
[illegible] loving sister?
[illegible] thrown.

[illegible] with forest flowers,
[illegible] summer bowers,
[illegible] holds the mourners,
[illegible] by,
[illegible] with Jesus;
[illegible] sin he frees us;
[illegible] at last on high.

[illegible] come down to cover,
[illegible] of slumber sweet;
[illegible] shall spread above her
[illegible] and flowers more fair,
[illegible] arms around her;
angel bands surround her;
[illegible] love hath found her,
we go to meet her there.

FROM MAROA.

[illegible] following private letter has been [illegible] to us for publication:

MAROA, ILL., Oct. 19, 1878.

[illegible] A. BRADLEY—*Dear Sir:* A severe [illegible] storm visited this place on [illegible]esday, the 16th inst., considerable [illegible] being done by lightning. A house [illegible]ing to Mr. Dill was struck, tearing [illegible] to atoms, and doing considerable [illegible] to the inside of the house. The [illegible] were away at the time, or I have [illegible] that some, if not all of them, [illegible] have been scared to a premature [illegible]. During the same storm the rods [illegible] the Marica Mills were struck, and the [illegible] was carried off without doing any [illegible] to the building or inmates.

[illegible] J. C. BROWNFIELD.

THANKS.

[illegible] meeting of the Executive Committee of the Soldiers' Reunion, held on the [illegible] of the 18th inst., it was unanimously

[illegible], That the thanks of this committee, on behalf of the soldiers, be tendered to Mrs. H. C. Johns, Mrs. S. F. Greer, Mrs. F. M. Roach, Mrs. O. B. Gorin, Mrs. J. A. Merriweather, Mrs. L. L. Haworth and Mrs. S. D. Smith, for their most efficient services in directing the commissary department and ministering so successfully to the comfort and good cheer of our soldier guests. Also to the various committees who solicited donations; and to the citizens who so generously and promptly responded to their call for provisions and money to carry out our plans of entertainment.

WM. E. CHASTAIN,
L. BURROWS,
C. H. FULLER,
Committee on Resolutions.

[illegible]

Joy to the Afflicted. One of our most [illegible] American Chemists has discovered a process whereby he obtains, in a [illegible] form, all the active medicinal principles of the East India Cinchona bark without disturbing the irritant and astringent matter. In this preparation the alkaloids are in their native combinations, and the same proportions of the ingredients are maintained as exist in the celebrated bark from the Nilgherry Hills. The preparation is called CLIFFORD'S FEBRIFUGE, and is fast taking the place of Quinine and the so-called Ague Cures, etc., in the market.

C. RICHARDSON, Prop'r, St. Louis.
For sale by all druggists.
Oct. 15 d&wlm

Chew Lovell & Gedges Sugar Sweetened Plug. No licorice used in this tobacco.
Oct. 17 d&wlmo

Corsets—the best fitting Corset you can get at GOLDSMITH'S
[illegible] d&wtf

We will sell cheaper than any house in the city. Our stock of boots and shoes is complete. Don't fail to call and see
CHALLIS BROS.,
Sign of Big Boot upside down.
[illegible] d&wlm

Fresh Home-made Taffys, Caramels and Scotch every day, at
[illegible] d&w MARTIN'S

[illegible] stock of boots and shoes in the city. Challis Bros., sign big boot upside down. West of P. O.
[illegible] d&w 1m

Rustic Chairs and seats, for lawns and parks, at Asmus'.
[illegible] d&w

DELAY IS DANGEROUS.

Do not delay to get in your coal for the winter while the price is down, and by all means don't fail to buy a stove for hard or soft coal, for hard or soft money, at hard pan prices, at R. Liddle's. Make a note of this.

Lost, on the afternoon of the 17th, an army badge of the 17th army corps, being a gold arrow, faced with blue enamel. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the REPUBLICAN office, and will also confer a favor on the owner.
Oct. 20 d&w1 C. F. EMERY.

JUST RECEIVED
MME. DEMOREST'S
FALL PATTERNS.

Demorest's "What to Wear," 15 cents.
" Portfolio of Fashions, 15 cents.
☞ Call for a catalogue, at
LINN & SCEARCE'S.
Sept. 21-d&wtf

[illegible] full and accurate report of Senator Oglesby's address of welcome to the Mexican war veterans, which was published in these columns, was read with much satisfaction by those who were not fortunate enough to hear it. We desire to say that we are indebted to Mr. J. T. Montgomery, the short-hand reporter, for the full text of the address.

From Friday's Daily.

CUPID STILL AT WORK.

A Quiet Wedding on South Water St.

A very quiet wedding took place on South Water street last evening about 7:30 o'clock. Mr. Francis M. Heinlein, of Grove City, was united in marriage to Miss Altha M. Brodess, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Brodess. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Ira Emerson, in the presence of the relatives of the high contracting parties and a few near friends. After congratulations had been extended, the guests were ushered into the dining room, where an elegant repast awaited them.

The bride was the recipient of a fine array of presents, among which were the following:

Silver castor, from R. Liddle; rocking chair, from father of the bride; large linen table cloth, from Mrs. Geo. S. Priest; one dozen napkins from Mrs. D. Henshie; marble-top centre-table, from friends; elegantly wrought chair tidy, from Miss Lulu McKenzie; silver castor, from Mr. and Mrs. Heinlein, parents of the bridegroom; half-dozen silver teaspoons from mother of the bride; same from Clint. Brodess, brother of the bride; beautiful pin cushion and tidy, from Miss Anna McKenzie; silver spoons from S. Heinlein, brother of the bridegroom.

The happy couple leave to-day for Grove City, where they will settle down at once to the realities of life. The REPUBLICAN joins with their many friends in wishing them a long and prosperous voyage through life.

YOU MUST CURE THAT COUGH

With Shiloh's Consumption Cure you can cure yourself. It has established the fact that Consumption can be cured, while for Coughs, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and all diseases of Throat and Lungs, it is absolutely without an equal. Two doses will relieve your child of Croup; it is pleasant to take and perfectly harmless to the youngest child, and no mother can afford to be without it.—You can use two-thirds of a bottle and if what we say is not true we will refund the price paid. Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00 per bottle. If your lungs are sore or chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.
Feb 26 d&weod

Have you Dyspepsia, are you constipated, have you a Yellow Skin, Loss of Appetite, Head Ache—if so don't fail to use **SHILOH'S SYSTEM VITALIZER.** It is guaranteed to relieve you, and will you continue to suffer when you can be cured on such terms as these? Price, 10 cts. and 75 cts. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Illinois. [Feb 26-d&weod

Wells' Persian Perfume, "HACKMETACK," is rich and fragrant. Try it.—Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner, Decatur, Ill.
Feb. 26 d&weod

WHAT THEY THINK OF US.—Now that the soldiers' reunion is over we can devote a few lines to the more strictly local affairs of the city and speak a good word for whatever deserves it. And among the many things that might be said and the many matters to be spoken of, nothing is more deserving of note than the fine condition of our streets. We speak of this particularly for the reason that it was a matter of most flattering comment on the part of visitors from other places during the progress of the reunion. Several were heard to wonder how so soon after a heavy rain the streets could be in so fine a fix. That this state of affairs is owing almost entirely to the excellent system of side ditching which has been adopted by the supervisor, together with the operation of rounding up the streets in the middle, there can be no doubt. It is now really a luxury and pleasure to drive over our smooth thoroughfares, and the condition of our streets alone did much to impress our visitors with the idea that Decatur is a town of enterprise and thrift, and everybody went away feeling that no town in central Illinois is ahead of Decatur in all things that go to make up real prosperity.

"I DEEM IT MY DUTY

TO TELL THE WORLD" what "*Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*" has done for me. I had a violent cough, night sweats, sore throat, great weakness, with severe attacks of hemorrhage; gave up all hope of recovery. I am now cured, a sound and hearty man. Edward H. Hanson, engineer at Sweeney's Pottery, 1634 Ridge avenue, Philadelphia. Over twenty-five years have elapsed, and I still remain a healthy man. Any one troubled with a cough or cold, throat, breast, or lung affection, will avoid much suffering and risk by using "Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry," an old and well-tried remedy. Trial bottles 25 cents, large bottles $1. Sold by leading druggists. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia.
April 28, 1878—d1yeod

MANAGER HAINES is not a cooper, but he is pretty certain of being a regularly commissioned coroner soon after the 5th day of November.

Now that house-cleaning is upon us, new carpets will be needed, and everybody should understand that the place to buy is at ANEL & LOCKE'S. Call and be convinced.

W. W. Scudder, at 30 Merchant street, has just received a general line of those celebrated French Crystal Spectacles.
Oct. 18d&wlm

THE GRAND REUNION.

FIRST DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Senator Oglesby's Address of Welcome.

PROGRAMME, DECORATIONS, Etc.

From Thursday's Daily.

The streets yesterday were thronged with strangers, who visited the fair grounds and called at the various regimental headquarters. A large number of citizens and ladies attended the Mexican war veterans reunion, and others gathered in crowds in various localities, seeing the sights and listening to reminiscences of by-gone days.

MEXICAN WAR VETERANS.

An adjourned meeting of this association took place yesterday afternoon, at the court house.

Meeting was called to order by President Forman, of Vandalia.

The song, "Red, White and Blue," was sung by a quartette consisting of Messrs. L. L. Ferris, Geo. F. Wessels, C. B. Prescott and Dr. Bumstead, with C. A. Foster presiding at the organ.

Prayer was offered by Rev. D. P. Bunn.

After the prayer the quartette named above sang "America."

Senator Oglesby then delivered the address of welcome, as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT, SOLDIER VETERANS OF THE MEXICAN WAR:—It is my most honorable and pleasant duty to extend to you to-day, in the name of the citizens of Macon county, words of welcome, and to proffer entertainment and hospitality during your brief sojourn with us. It is very appropriate, as Macon county furnished one company in the Mexican war. A mere fragment of that company remains, to speak more feelingly, more effectually than I can those words of hearty cheer and encouragement they only can extend to us. There is not only a splendor, but there is a mystery about the soldier's life; the usual animosities, bitterness and strife of life never come in to separate one from another of that class of citizens. I am sorry, deeply pained, that all the soldiers that made company C of Macon county are not here to welcome you. Some of them fell on the battle-field, some of them died in the camp, some in the hospital, some on the march, and others of them returned home to serve their country honorably in the private walks of life, and again on the field of frightful battle, and to-day are kind, splendid men, noble men, brave men.—Our community remembers them—*would to God that all men would*—knew their comrades, and remembers them; in spirit they, too, are here to-day with the loved, to welcome those old veterans of honorable war. Nearly a third of a century has passed away since you were called on to take up arms for the flag of the old Republic. None of you asked a question, not an inquiry further than Are my services necessary? And they went from all portions of the state—six regiments, some five or six thousand splendid men—out of the nation, across foreign waters almost, to battle on foreign soil for what we thought to be our rights, and a just cause of war. The battle, the war, ended; victory came to our standard, a treaty of peace followed, and we have been friends of the republic of Mexico ever since the close of the war. You brought back with you trophies, invaluable trophies of war—men renowned for courage on the battle-field, immortalized by the highest order of military strategy, skill and grand tactics. You helped to make the fame of men that will not perish in American history; and in addition to that you brought back a name unsullied, untainted by any barbarism of war—no cruel name followed you home with that proud welcome.—You were honored and welcomed by a grateful people, as I trust you will still be by a grateful people. But you brought home trophies that surpassed all these—you brought home with you a grand extent of national domain. You extended the boundaries of the republic from the Atlantic to the Pacific; you added an empire, an empire, to the old nation—an empire that came by the treaty of peace, a voluntary compensation by the enemy in order to a just settlement for past misunderstanding, and as indemnity to secure against the future. It is enough, gentlemen, few of you as there are, almost forgotten as you have been, it was enough to win honor, welcome and fame from any people. Another war has intervened since then, gigantic and civil, that for a time seemed to eclipse the glories and prestige of all preceding wars—and in the pell mell and wild strife of the times, and of the bitterness that succeeded the times, the Mexican soldiers were almost forgotten; but for this latter war, I think I don't go too far in saying that the Mexican war would have added renown and glory to the life of every man who bore arms in it; and as it grew older in fame would, as it had ever, grown older and stronger in the affections of the people. But there you are yet, a sad relic of the men that went forth from this state, brave young men, splendid young men—just as devoted to father and mother as the men of our day; men who went forth leaving all those they loved behind, as they fought and failed not, honorably to uphold the flag of the people. Splendid men they were; but they are perished—they are away, away, far from us. Shall we not drop a tear to-day in grateful memory to the dead, the noble dead, of the Mexican war? Shall we be so forgetful as to forget the noble men who then fell? Splendid fellows! Let us cherish toward them as best we can something of a just appreciation of what they gave for what they believed to be their country's rights; it was life, it was all they had to give but it was nobly and heroically given. I wonder if the world ever thinks of them—the survivors, the veteran soldiers few in number as they are to-day, who receive all these poor words of welcome—they do not forget it. Here we can name them by name, and we can tell whether they died in hospitals, whether on the march or whether in the battle, but the great world does not know us and never will; they performed their duty, died nobly and in time must perish from memory, but it is the lot of all mortals it is so. You come together here even now to receive the memories of the Mexican war, to talk of what occurred, occurred more than thirty long years ago—nearly one third of a century—it will be next year, and to discuss with each other the little, simple incidents of those days. I don't know whether they would interest the balance of the world or not, but when I meet these men they remind me of this and of that—I almost feel that I desire chastisement and forgetfulness myself that I should have forgotten them.

We come to replenish the memory with the events and the scenes of the past. O! they were very interesting then. These six regiments were composed almost exclusively of country boys, farmer's sons, and a few from the villages. More than half of company C. of this county was composed of young men who left their callings in life, left their homes, and went off to take the risk of pestilence of an uncongenial and unnatural climate, and all the fatigues and perils of war. No nation can long endure that will forget the service of men, no people will ever be a great people that will not hastily cherish the memory of the dead of any war, and cordially entertain the living of any war. (Applause) I could not speak to entertain you to-day, or attempt to do so, with the scenes of the war. We were of Col. Baker's regiment. Numbers I have met to-day, here from other portions of the State, were in other regiments. But one colonel, of six that went from Illinois, survived; one colonel of one regiment—he, too, now is advanced in years, growing older with the wear and tear of time, but Providence has spared him to be with you to-day, and to preside over our meeting. (Applause.) Whatever of misfortunes, I pray none have ever taken him—but whatever the misfortunes that may have overtaken him from that day to this, I know that the miseries, if he has had any, the miseries and disappointments of life are assuaged, largely blotted out in the recollection that he honorably served his country in that war, and has been spared by a gracious Providence to meet these veterans once more in the old state from which he went—we have some left here with us—not all of them—one marked one, one precious one is not here; he was in all the battles, not particularly a disciplinarian, not given much, to or caring much for the technicalities of a military life, he had a heart that never quailed in the presence of danger. (Applause.) No battle was terrific enough to intimidate him. In any war he was always on the front line. Colonel, Brevet General Pugh—he was then captain—sleeps now in an honorable grave. Froman is dead. O! how many of them are dead who were in our company. I wish I could recall their names one by one, swept away by the great sword and tempest of time, swept away into the deep ocean of the past, across the boundary line that separates the measured, onward tread of time from the great mountains of eternity. Some of us are spared. I see old Captain Post, our commissary, who, under the laws of war, was required to be in no battle at all, and who never missed one. (Applause and laughter.) He was the best commissary that ever was in the United States. (Laughter.) There was not a soldier in his regiment that ever made a complaint of him or that ever went hungry; and when any surplus was left, after dividing out full and fair rations, and every one who could filled every pocket, and his accounts were squared, and the law was fulfilled, he would take the last hardtack, pound of sugar, the last quart of old sour molasses, the last pound of pickled pork left, and divide it among the officers whom he was not required to feed. (Applause.)

Gentlemen, we are now in the midst of stirring times. I do not know what the future may be. The old world is upside down. The settlement of it seems to be but half a year. We have had terrible troubles of our own, but it seems as though it were all peace here now. I hope it will continue to be peace throughout our lives; most likely it will; but if any trouble should come again—domestic or foreign—I have no doubt that the veterans here to-day, although many of many of you are maimed, decrepit and feeble, would again spring to arms when the tocsin of war pealed its signal. Even the old colonel here would mount his horse, snatch up his old knapsack, hunt up the old sword, and once more offer his services and life for his country. When a man has been a soldier once, and has been a good one, he never gets over it; it never wears out on him. He will swear hard and long that he will never go again; "I have been foolish enough once or twice to go to war, now catch me in that fool business again;" and I never knew one, when the time came, to fail to go or offer to go. Why, we have got some men in this very town who date almost back to the revolutionary war—so old they can scarcely toddle—and yet those ferocious and bloodthirsty old gentlemen want to know why the devil there is not another war? [Applause.] It has been fifteen years since there was one, and they are again ardent with the desire to fight and bleed for their country.

Gentlemen, it is no more than right that a grateful country should recognize your services. You have been waiting a long time, and you have been patient in calling the attention of the country to your services. I think that congress can not very consistently, much longer, object to the reasonable compensation of soldiers in their declining age. Some hesitate to grant pensions to the veterans of the Mexican war. The treasury is heavily burdened with the pensions which it pays to the widows and orphans, and to the disabled and wounded. It is the policy of all nations, especially ours, to pension soldiers as fast as possible at reasonable rates, and I am sure our government would gladly, if able, give twice as much. But when the people are contributing about $3,000,000 a year for pensions to the disabled and wounded, and the widows and orphans, many have felt that even a reasonable compensation to the soldiers of the war with Mexico. Of course, all who were wounded have received pensions. The system of the government now is, that all, whether wounded or not, ought to be recognized. I mean those who were true and loyal to the country.

I think the time has come when congress will soon recognize the surviving heroes of the war with Mexico. I think it is not unlikely that the coming session of congress will settle the question. I have been there for a few years, and have doubted whether I ought to take an active part in this question. There are several soldiers of the war with Mexico in congress. I, myself, avoided an active part, because I am proud to be one of them; but the time will soon come when the government will grant your pensions. In the nature of things, your just claims cannot be delayed much longer, and a law should be passed now to give them pensions as long as they live. I know it will cost a good many millions of dollars a year, but for all that the time has come when justice and right should be accorded the volunteer soldiers. The time has come when congress should bestow a pension upon every man who has been faithful to his country, and who has served in the army. [Loud applause.]

Gentlemen, I hope your stay in Decatur will be pleasant, and I hope you will meet many old friends and comrades. We ask you to stay to-morrow to enjoy a good time. It is our first attempt at a reunion, but we expect a large assemblage of people. Come with us, then, and partake of the festivities; our people will greet you cordially, and will welcome the men who uphold the flag in Mexico.

I have said all I desire, without reviewing the broad fields of war, without dwelling on the tragic scenes of the past, which one might describe by the hour. As I have said before, an occasion like this makes one feel sad. When my mind reverts to our younger days, when we had little experience of the world; when I remember my comrades on the weary march and in the shock of battle, I can look over and get a glimpse of the grand panorama in one view my heart throbs with emotions of pride and sympathy, and I thank God that I have been spared to welcome you all over again; and, in behalf of the hospitable people of Macon county, I bid you welcome!

The address of Senator Oglesby was followed by music by the band, and at the conclusion of the piece three cheers for the band were called and given with a will.

Col. Forman then responded to Senator Oglesby's address of welcome in fitting terms, and his remarks in turn were followed by music by the band.

A committee of three was appointed to draft resolutions in regard to pensioning Mexican War soldiers, consisting of Capt. J. S. Post, of Decatur, S. B. Tufts, of Centralia, and D. L. Gourgen, of Chicago.

A committee of three on finance was also appointed, as follows: Isaac Hill, of Morgan county, Jas. R. Turnor, of DeWitt county, and Mr. Dobbs, of Pana.

It was then voted to adjourn to 7½ o'clock in the evening, when a social meeting should be held.

EVENING SESSION.

At 7½ o'clock president Forman called the meeting to order and announced that the evening would be devoted to brief addresses from several gentlemen who had served in the Mexican war. In accordance with the suggestion, a number of the warworn veterans amused and interested one another and the audience with stirring reminiscences of camp life, as experienced in the Mexican campaign.

The occasion was highly enjoyed by all in attendance, and particularly so by the veterans themselves. At a seasonable hour the meeting broke up, and the old soldiers retired to dream of battles fought and won and of perils escaped. Long may these valiant soldiers live to recount their experiences and fire the American heart with a spirit of patriotism.

AT THE OLD CAMP GROUND.

A visit to the fair grounds yesterday afternoon and the scenes there presented revived in the memory of our reporter recollections of 17 years ago, when the brave 116th was encamped on that revered soil. Here it was the Macon county volunteers slept in barracks and obtained their first knowledge of military tactics; here it was the boys waited impatiently for orders to go the front and help crush the rebellion; here it was that Company K., as well as members of other companies of the regiment, took French leave and stole silently over the hills to Casey's, thence to their homes, and back to the regiment in time for roll-call. Here the parting scenes were witnessed when the call did come for the regiment to go to the front. And that memorable day is still fresh in the minds of many who will read this article to-day. It was a bright morning that the lamented Col. Nathan Tupper marched the 116th off to the war, and how bravely they tramped through the streets to the depot. Many of the brave soldiers fell on hard fought fields, under a sunny sky, and their memories will be cherished forever. Some of them passed through the bloody struggle, coming out maimed for life, and others unscathed. All honor to the dead and living, and all others who have gathered here to-day to greet each other and revive the memories of the wars of 1812, '46 and '61.

THE AMPHITHEATRE

is very handsomely decorated with evergreens and flags, and a temporary speaker's stand placed on the race track, directly in front of the centre of the amphitheatre.

Yesterday Colonel Block drilled a company of cavalry in the ring, and Captain Barr, of Argenta, drilled a company of veteran infantry. A great many spectators were on the grounds yesterday witnessing the evolutions of the soldiers and talking about present and by-gone days.

About 20 of the Grenadiers marched out to the grounds last evening, commanded by Lieut. Durfee, and camped out for the night.

Visiting soldiers were furnished sleeping accommodations in Floral Hall and other buildings on the grounds.

Adjt. C. H. Fuller is the efficient commander of the grounds. He reports everything passing off like clock-work.

After the dinner hour the visiting soldiers gathered on the amphitheatre and listened to short speeches by N. M. Baker, of Mt. Zion, formerly chaplain of the 116th, and Captain Barr, of Argenta. The addresses elicited rounds of applause.

The artillery corps indulged in an interesting artillery practice with the twelve-pounders.

The afternoon was passed very pleasantly, and in the evening, notwithstanding the dampness, the "boys" met with each other around the camp-fires and fought their battles over again.

THE "MESS" ROOM.

Three hundred visiting veterans were fed in Textile Fabric Hall yesterday, in true soldier fashion, drinking their coffee from tin-cups, and eating of an abundance of chicken, ham, potatoes, etc., without knives or forks. The accommodations in this department are ample, and thousands will be fed, and not one go away hungry. Five wash-boilers of coffee were drank yesterday at dinner, and the way the substantials disappeared was a caution, or words to that effect. The subsistence committee, composed of the following gentlemen, is doing its work well, and all will be provided for: John Ullrich, Jason Rogers, Cy. Imboden, F. M. Young and D. C. Shockley. This committee is bravely assisted by the following ladies: Mrs. S. F. Greer, Mrs. O. B. Gorin, Mrs. M. Roach, Mr. Dr. Johns, Mrs. L. L. Haworth and Mrs. John Merriweather. William Towling is installed as chief cook, and that he makes splendid coffee our reporter can cheerfuly attest. George Dempsey makes himself generally useful by turning his hand at anything that comes along.

SECOND DAY.

Greatly to the gratification of everybody, about midnight last night the clouds cleared from the sky and a bright moonlight was a precursor of the beautiful sunlight which was to gladden the hearts of the soldier boys, and the thousands of people in Macon county who wanted to attend the reunion to-day. At sunrise booming cannon ushered in the great day of the soldiers' convocation, and people bestirred themselves in preparation for the festivities of the grand occasion. As early as seven o'clock the town was alive with our own citizens and those from surrounding towns, who had come in by the early trains. About the same time wagon loads of people came pouring in from the rural districts, with teams bedecked with flags, indicative of a general sympathy with the spirit and purpose of the day.

Many who had been prevented from decorating yesterday by the high wind and threatening aspect of the weather, came out this morning in flying colors.

Among these was the firm of Hayes & Bartholomew, who made a display upon their store front equal to any in the city, and was the object of universal admiration.

Young Brothers suspended a large flag over the street in front of their store, and otherwise increased their display.

A large number of residences also threw out the stars and stripes this morning, which were prevented from doing so yesterday by the high wind. In a word, the whole city was dressed in holiday attire, and everybody seemed to enter into the spirit of the day.

THE GRAND ARCHES,

which were constructed yesterday and the day before, at the southwest corner of the park and at the head of East Main st., and which were only partly decorated yesterday, were completed this morning by additional flags and mottoes, and present a fine appearance.

By nine o'clock the sidewalks in the business part of town were almost impassable on account of the crowd which had gathered to see the procession.

About this time the military and fire companies gathered at their headquarters preparatory to participating in the grand procession.

At about half after ten o'clock the procession formed on Wood and Water streets in the following order:

1. Brass and martial bands.
2. Battalion state militia.
3. Soldiers late war, on foot.
4. Battery artillery.
4. Soldiers late war, mounted.
6. Soldiers Mexican war.
7. Soldiers 1812, in carriages.
8. Prominent soldiers, and speakers of the day.
9. Mayor and city officers.
10. Fire Department.
11. Citizens on foot.
12. Citizens in carriages.

Nothing in the procession attracted more attention than the firemen, whose hose carriages and the outfit of the hook and ladder boys were beautifully decorated with evergreen, flags and flowers—Eldorado hose carriage, perhaps, bearing off the palm in the matter of elaborate and tasteful adornment, though all made a fine display most highly creditable to them; and the soldiers will feel under lasting obligations to the Decatur fire department for coming out on the occasion to assist in rendering the display magnificently grand.

ADDITIONAL DECORATIONS.

In our report of decorations yesterday there were some outside the business part of town which were overlooked, and which we take the liberty to mention to-day.

Alderman Kuny had his bottling works and residence finely decorated.

The residence and grounds of Mr. E. D. Bartholomew, on North Main street, were covered with flags, and also the house of Judge Nelson, nearly opposite, had a very tasteful arrangement of stars and stripes upon its front. Further north the house of Capt. Geo. S. Durfee presented a fine display.

Lieut. B. O. McReynolds threw out a couple of good-sized flags, and several other dwellings on the same street showed their colors.

We also failed to notice the beautiful display of the red, white and blue at the windows of Krone's picture gallery, over Haworth & Son's office.

MARRIED.

On Thursday, Oct. 17th by Judge S. F. Greer, at his office, Mr. George W. Fredregill and Miss Lucinda E. Mott, both of Argenta, Ill.

By Rev. W. L. Gankson, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, Decatur, Oct. 17th, Mr. James J. Evans and Miss Sarah A. F. Clorrey, both of Blue Mound township.

Proclamation.—Biggest fall stock of good Boots and Shoes and wonderful low prices, is the reason trade is booming at Ferriss' Shoe Store [Oct 1-d&wtf

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

VEGETINE.

REV. J. P. LUDLOW WRITES:

178 BALTIC ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1874.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.:

Dear Sir, From personal benefit received by its use, as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cases thereby have seemed almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the VEGETINE for the complaints which it is claimed to cure.

JAMES P. LUDLOW,
Late Pastor Calvary Baptist Church, Sacramento, Cal.

VEGETINE.

SHE RESTS WELL.

SOUTH POLAND, ME., Oct 14, 1878.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—

Dear Sir,—I have been sick two years with the liver complaint, and during that time have taken a great many different medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was restless nights, and had no appetite. Since taking the VEGETINE I rest well and relish my food. Can recommend the VEGETINE for what it has done for me. Yours respectfully,

MRS. ALBERT RICKER.

Witness of the above,
MR. GEORGE M. VAUGHAN,
Medford, Mass.

VEGETINE.

GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN.

BOSTON HOME, 14 TYLER STREET, BOSTON, April, 1876.

H. R. STEVENS

Dear Sir,—We feel that the children in our home have been greatly benefited by the VEGETINE you have so kindly given us from time to time, especially those troubled with the Scrofula. With respect,

MRS. S. MORMELL, Matron.

VEGETINE.

REV O. T. WALKER SAYS:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 101 Transit Street.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.:

I feel bound to express with my signature the high value I place upon your VEGETINE. My family have used it for the last two years, for nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic.

O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Bowdoin Square Church, Boston

VEGETINE.

NOTHING EQUAL TO IT.

SOUTH SALEM, MASS., Nov 14, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir,—I have been troubled with Scrofula, Canker and Liver Complaint for three years. Nothing ever did me any good until I commenced using the Vegetine. I am now getting along first-rate, and still using the Vegetine. I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints. Can heartily recommend it to everybody. Yours truly,

MRS. LIZZIE M. PACKARD,
No. 16 Lagrange St., South Salem, Mass

VEGETINE.

Recommend it Heartily.

MR. STEVENS, SOUTH BOSTON.

Dear Sir,—I have taken several bottles of your Vegetine, and am convinced that it is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaint, and General Debility of the system. I can heartily recommend it to all sufferers from the above complaints.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. MUNROE PARKER.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS.

Vegetine is Sold by All Druggists

Oct. 3, 1878 w4w

BUY THE BEST!

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

Economy of Fuel, Style and Finish, General Working Qualities.

Manufacturers of the

'GARLAND!'

Prince of Base Burners,

Celebrated Mills Range, Golden Era, Iron Cross Cook, Yale Cottage, and complete lines in all varieties.

EVERY STOVE WARRANTED.

Branch Warehouse, 241 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

For Sale by all First-Class Dealers.

AND BY

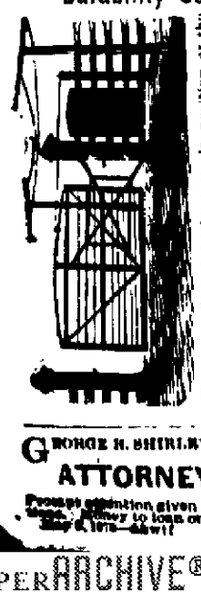
MOREHOUSE & WELLS,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Sept. 12 w3m08

A PERFECT GATE!

Cheapness, Convenience and Durability Combined.



The above Gate may be seen in position at the residence of MR. MONTGOMERY.

Corner of East William and Mill Sts., DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

COUNTY, TOWNSHIP AND FARM RIGHTS FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

Single Gates may be had on application

Call and see it. oct9-k3w6mo

GEORGE H. SHIRLEY, Blue Mound, Ill.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Prompt attention given to all kinds of collections. Money to loan on real estate.

May 2, 1878—d&wtf

TELEGRAPHIC

MEMPHIS, Oct. 22.—It commenced raining last night at 10 o'clock and continued without cessation until 5 a. m. This forenoon it is clear and cold, with the thermometer at 56 degrees.

From 6 o'clock last evening until noon to-day eleven orders for interments are reported by undertakers. Five new cases and one death are reported as having occurred yesterday at Tuscumbia, Ala.

Charleston, S. C., authorities have telegraphed that their nurses can return home without being subject to quarantine.

A delegation of physicians who came from Cincinnati will return to-morrow. The Howards are rapidly discharging nurses.

The Board of Health officially reported six deaths from yellow fever during the past 24 hours. Twenty-five new cases, 12 in the city and 13 in the suburbs.

The Cotton Exchange opened this morning regularly for business.

The government relief steamer, John M. Chambers, from Vicksburg, arrived to-night, all board are reported well. The steamer Colorado passed up at 6 p. m.

The weather is clear and cold. A favorable prospect for frost.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 21.—The Charleston *News and Courier* of Saturday, received here to-day, contains an account of the capture of a Republican meeting at Lantonville, S. C., on Friday last, by Democratic "Red Shirts," showing conclusively that the Democrats have no fear of the recent order issued by Attorney General Devens, but feel strong enough to carry their policy of bull-dozing successfully through to the day of election. The meeting was called by the Republicans, to hear Representative Smalls, the Republican candidate for re-election to Congress, and the manner of its capture is thus told by a dispatch in the *News and Courier*:

This morning the negroes began pouring in, attired in their recently-adopted Radical uniform of blue shirts, several mounted clubs and other clubs on foot, embracing large numbers, being included. Fully 2,000 men, women and children gathered, when some 800 Red Shirts galloped in, captured the meeting, and proceeded to run it on a division time-schedule. Rousing Democratic speeches were made. Smalls failed to appear. Some Hampton men rode forty-five miles to hear Smalls.

The paper notices the accounts in northern papers regarding the driving of State Senator Swails out of the state, and admits the truth of the statement, but says that the Democrats of Williams county gave him the opportunity of leaving the state, and that he cannot be borne any longer.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The Mark Lane *Express* says: As fine weather cannot be relied on farmers have given more attention to ploughing and sowing than to threshing, and deliveries of home grown wheat has consequently been reduced during the past week. A fair quantity, however, has been marketed in provincial exchanges and in Mark Lane, but the damp air has prevented samples from being exhibited in decent conditioned lots which were really unsaleable. A weaker tone apparently prevailed than the actual state of trade justifies. Business in foreign wheat was about as bad as it could be. The corn trade is reduced to such a state of distress and discouragement that it will probably be long before business shows signs of elasticity in trade or feeling. Corn is equally unfavorable with the exception of the finest samples of malting barley. All articles have receded in value, with large arrivals at ports called floating cargo. Trade for wheat was very quiet until Friday, when with the revival of continental demand the tone improved and prices advanced from six pence to a shilling per quarter from the recent lowest point. Maize is dull and rather cheaper. Barley is fairly steady.

NASHVILLE, Oct. 21.—The Democrats of the 6th district renominated John F. House for congress. He predicted that the next political contest would be devoid of sectional hatred, and said:

I cannot, fellow citizens, find it in my heart to indulge feelings of malice toward people of the north when I witness their magnanimous and generous conduct to southern people. I feel like pulling off my hat and standing uncovered in their presence. Grander than the victory of the Appamattox is the victory won by the people of the north, in their noble and generous contributions to the stricken and suffering south. Upon that fated field the south surrendered her sword. Within the shadow of the dark wing of the pestilence, beside the new-made graves of her heroic sons and daughters, with bowed heads and tearful eyes, she extends her hand and surrenders her heart to the generous north. God's own hand has bridged the bloody chasm. Let not the ambition of man seek to reopen the wounds and to rekindle the embers of political strife—Let us go into this great contest of 1880, without any of these elements of sectional bitterness. Of course we will be divided as to the question of government policy, but with that element eliminated from the contest representatives of the south can stand upon the floor of congress as the peer of any from the northern states, and can look to the material development of their own section, and make the southern people more prosperous. With fraternity and harmony restored this great country can march on to a more glorious and illustrious future than has been seen in the past.

Chew Lovell & Gedges zig-zag Sweet Navy Tobacco. For sale by John Ullrich.
Oct. 17—d&w1mo

CHICAGO, October 22.—The *Tribune's* Omaha special says: Prairie fires are sweeping almost everything before them in different sections of this State, destroying grain, fences, houses, machinery and in some cases live stock, causing several hundred thousand dollars loss. A large number of people have been rendered homeless. Several lives have been lost and numerous persons injured. Near Kearney yesterday, a prairie fire was raging and at one time the town was in imminent danger of destruction.

Another fire broke out to-day in the same region, destroying a large amount of farm property, along the line of the Omaha and Republican Valley road. Last evening a large fire was burning for many miles, in Butler county, destroying much property. Great destruction of property occurred in Polk county yesterday. It has been extensively burned. Louis Middleton was burned to death and Geo. W. Schaeffer and Mrs. Jacobs were injured. In Howard and Valley counties of the north Loup river, there has been a terrible loss of property. One man was burned to death, and several others injured. The northeast part of Nebraska, especially in Wayne, Pierce and Knox counties have been badly burned. Three women and one child lost their lives in that region. Clay, Webster and Madison counties have all been seriously damaged. In Nuckols county, John Benson and Maria Crosier were probably fatally burned. Reports are slow in coming in, and the above is only a partial statement of the losses and casualties. The loss will undoubtedly be larger than anyone has an idea of.

MATTOON, ILL., October 22.—The Democracy of this Congressional District are evidently alarmed over the independent attitude of the Irish voters. At the recent meeting, widely advertised, for Hon. John R. Eden and O. B. Ficklin, for the Thirty-second Representative District, two Irishmen from Chicago, Forsythe and Hines, were given full swing of the meeting and spent the time in violent abuse of the Republican party. They held up the old ghost of defunct Know Nothingism to scorn apparently forgetting that their candidate for Congress, then present, Hon. Malden Jones, was a leading Know Nothing in the dark lantern days. Republicans are wholly unterrified by the importation of such orators.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 22.—The Louisiana Democratic Committee is in a state of alarm over the Congressional canvass in that State, and has indicated to Democrats here that unless a considerable sum of money is speedily raised, the election of both Wells and Anderson, two of the Republican candidates, is almost certain. The canvass in some of the other districts, also, is not such as to inspire the Democrats with great confidence, on account of a coalition between the Republicans and Nationals. On the whole, the Louisiana Democratic committee is badly frightened, and its appeal for money is regarded as strong evidence that the Congressional delegation from that State will not be solidly Democratic.

President Hayes will accompany Governor Carroll, of Maryland, to Cumberland, Md., on Thursday next, to visit the agricultural fair now being held.

CINCINNATI, O., October 19.—At the wedding supper of Willis Peele and Alice Burdge, at Azalia, Ind., Thursday night, ten of the party were poisoned, some unknown person having put strychnine in the food. Charles White, John White, and D. Burdge, it is thought, will not recover. It is surmised that some one of Miss Burdge's rejected suitors committed the deed.

"ITCHING PILES."

"I WAS A GREAT SUFFERER from Itching Piles, the itching at times was almost intolerable, particularly at night, when undressing, or after getting warm in bed. I tried prescriptions almost innumerable without finding any permanent relief, until I used 'Swayne's All-healing Ointment,' which has made a perfect cure."—Joseph W. Christ, (firm of Roedel & Christ) boot and shoe house, 344 North Second street, Philadelphia. Reader, if you are suffering with this distressing complaint, or any scaly, crusty skin disease, tetter, &c., use "Swayne's Ointment" and be cured. Fifty cents a box. Address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. All leading druggists sell it. "Dr. Swayne's Medicines have a world-wide reputation.' apr22dlyeod

COLONEL INGERSOLL knows a thing or two about finances. He remarks: "They say there is not money enough. I say there is plenty—plenty. I wish I could get it. We don't lack money. The banks have got plenty of money; a certain portion of the people have money. We are lacking collaterals—that is what we are lacking. You can get all you want on call in New York at 1½ and 2 per cent: and do you know why you don't get it? Because you haven't got the collaterals; and if we are going to pass a law on this subject, I would like to have Congress pass a law furnishing us collaterals."

LEMON AND ORANGE.

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts of Lemon and Orange are made from the fruit, and have their grateful, agreeable taste, without the turpentine odor which is observed in those extracts usually sold, made from cheap oils. Those who wish pure extracts buy Dr. Price's.

It will pay you to look at Barber & Baker's stock of Boots and Shoes before purchasing. Sept21-d&wtf

Chew Lovell & Gedges Sugar-Sweetened Plug. No licorice used in this tobacco.
Oct. 17-d&w1mo

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS!

Fire Along the Whole Line!

Messrs. Pease and Forstmyer will speak at

Gleason's School House, Milam township, Thursday evening, Oct. 24.

Forsyth, Friday evening, Oct. 25.

Hon. W. T. Moflett and Dr. J. H. Tyler will speak as follows:

Oreana, Thursday night, Oct. 24.
Wheatland, Friday night, Oct. 25.
Blue Mound, Saturday night, Oct. 26.

Mr. Ingham will also be at Oreana, Wheatland and Blue Mound.

Hon. J. G. Cannon will speak at

Mt. Zion, Monday, Oct. 28th, at 2 P. M.

W. R. Jewell, Esq., editor of the Danville *News*, will speak at the court house in Decatur, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 29.

Col. George Scroggs, of Champaign, and W. C. Johns, of Decatur, will speak at

Niantic, Wednesday evening, Oct. 30.
Argenta, Thursday evening, Oct. 31.

M. W. Matthews, Esq., of Urbana, and J. A. Brown, of Decatur, will speak at

Oreana, Wednesday evening, Oct. 30.
Macon, Thursday evening, Oct. 31.

Col. Scroggs and Mr. Matthews will address the citizens of Decatur, at the court house, on Friday evening, Nov. 1.

☞Local committees will be expected to make the necessary arrangements for the above meetings.

By order of Co. Central Committee.

J. C. LAKE, Chairman.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post-office, at Decatur, Macon co., Illinois, Oct. 23, 1878.

Akins Oliver	Lawn C
Baldwin G L	McDonald Henry W
Balizki Mrs Louisa	Montague Mrs Kate
Barnes Mrs Martha	Moon J C
Bishop Nellie	McFall Daniel
Brown Mrs W Z	McCoy John A
Booth Edwin	Nelson James
Cantrall Mrs Ellen	Odell Levi J
Crandall Rev W	Penn B H
Durr Dr A	Peck Fred L
Drew E C	Riley Mrs W B
Dow H	Steele Miss Mollie
Dill John	Seymour Henry E
Diller Jacob D	Skinner Theo
Forsythe John	Sterner Miss Jennie
Fox Orville E	Voglewede & Welde
Foster Louise W	Wambly Frank H
Hindman C D	Wilson Mrs E A
Howe E T	Widick Miss Ida
Hunter J H	Westfall A E H
Hargett James	Webber Miss Susie
Kellogg Fannie L	
Lyman Henry C	

Foreign—Lyons E Michilini Arianio

R. P. LYTLE, P. M.

Home-made Stockings, for children, misses and ladies, at GOLDBERG'S.
Oct. 8—d&wtf

Gents' Fine Shoes a specialty, at Barber & Baker's.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We are now prepared to make Loans in

Sums of $500 and Upward!

—ON—

FARM LANDS AND DESIRABLE CITY PROPERTY.

Interest and expenses very reasonable. Call and see us.

OVERMIRE & KAUFMAN,

OVER THE DECATUR NATIONAL BANK.
Oct. 10 d&1 w3w

Assignee's Sale of REAL ESTATE!

THE undersigned will sell at public sale at the west door of the Court House, in Decatur, Illinois, on

Saturday, October 26th, 1878,

The following tracts and parcels of real estate, situate in Macon county, Illinois, belonging to the bankrupt estate of Wm. L. Hammer and J. Q. A. Odor:

Lots 4 and 5 in block 7, North Addition to the city of Decatur, on which is situated a large two-story frame house containing 10 rooms and pantry.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, of Hammer's resurvey of the west half of block 1, H. Robinson's Addition to the city of Decatur. These are good residence lots, in a good neighborhood.

Lot 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 11, Carver's Addition to the city of Decatur. These lots are fine for building purposes.

Lots 3 and east half of lot 4, block 8, Allen, McReynolds & Co.'s Addition to Decatur. These lots are well located for business houses, 20 feet fronting on Park street, and 40 feet on William street.

82 feet off of the north side of lot 2, block 2, Durfee & King's Addition to Decatur. On this lot is a good one-story frame dwelling of six rooms, in good repair.

Lot 2, E. O. Smith's resurvey of block 14, Western Addition to Decatur, except 10 feet off of the east side thereof. This is a very desirable building lot, on which is a good barn.

Lots 3 and 4, northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-four, township sixteen north, range 2 east of the 3rd P. M.

Part of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-five, township sixteen north, range 2 east of the 3rd P. M., being 10 acres, less right of way of Illinois Midland Railway.

Also the southwest quarter of section thirty-two, township seventeen north, range 5 east of the 3rd P. M., in the county of Piatt and State of Illinois. This tract of land is sold subject to a deed of trust thereon in favor of Charles F. Emery, trustee, for the sum of two thousand dollars. This is a well located farm; within 1½ to 6 miles of five railroad stations—three on the Wabash, one on the I., D. and S., and one on the Chicago & Paducah railroad. It is well hedged, a fine barn on it, and splendid land.

TERMS OF SALE. One third cash, one third in six months and one-third in twelve months, the deferred payments to be secured by notes bearing 6 per cent interest, secured by mortgage or deed of trust on the premises sold, and personal security.

H. O. McREYNOLDS, Assignee.

Sept. 17—d&wtd

CLIFFORD'S FEBRIFUGE OR FEVER AND AGUE CURE.

ERADICATES ALL MALARIAL DISEASES from the SYSTEM.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Prop., ST. LOUIS.

For Sale by All Druggists.

'CHEAP CHARLEY'

—THE—

POOR MAN'S FRIEND!

ONE PRICE ONLY.

No Misrepresentation.

"CHEAP CHARLEY,"

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

IS THE POPULAR CLOTHIER!

BECAUSE he MANUFACTURES Good Clothing, suitable for every age, occupation and condition of mankind. He marks every garment in plain figures, and makes

NO DEVIATION IN PRICE.

A child can buy as cheap as the most expert man. In selling goods, they not only warrant every garment to be as represented, but should the purchaser after some inspection become dissatisfied with either fit, material or price, he

WILL CHEERFULLY EXCHANGE,

or pay back the purchaser's money; provided always that goods are returned in good order and in reasonable time.

CHILDREN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

We aim to keep constantly an unlimited stock suitable for every day and Sunday wear, at prices that cannot fail to prove satisfactory to every buyer. In

YOUTHS' AND MENS' CLOTHING,

We display an endless variety of Suits and separate garments, substantially made and handsomely trimmed, appropriate for either Labor, Business or Dress, at such Low Prices as to continually challenge but never produce successful competition.

BOOTS AND SHOES

are sold at prices of the manufacturers, and

Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods

always of latest styles, at Chicago Jobbing Prices after addition of freight.

ONE PRICE, C. O. D., TO ALL,

and buying for 21 different branch stores enables us to retail at Wholesale Prices and guarantee a saving of from 20 to 50 per cent.

KAUFMAN & BACHRACH,
Factory 72 North Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILLS.

September 3, 1878—d&wtf

"BIG HEAP!"

NEW GOODS!

HAYS & BARTHOLOMEW.

1852. 1878

EHRMAN,

The Oldest Clothier in Decatur,

Has just received one of the

FINEST STOCKS OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

Ever brought to this city, which will be sold at BOTTOM FIGURES.

—A FULL LINE OF—

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!

HATS, CAPS, TRUNKS, VALISES, &C.

OUR MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT

Is under the charge of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER, and is stocked with a Splendid Assortment of Piece Goods.

PANTALOONS MADE TO ORDER FOR $5 TO $8

And other Goods in proportion. Fits warranted. A trial is all I ask.

I. W. EHRMAN,

Sept. 28, 1878—d&w mos No. 22 East Main Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®